#### SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

#### **Invesco India Medium Duration Fund**

(An open ended medium term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay duration<sup>^</sup> of the portfolio is between 3 years and 4 years. A relatively high interest rate risk and moderate credit risk.)

			Matrix
<ul><li> Income over medium term</li><li> Investments predominantly in</li></ul>		As per AMFI Tier 1 Benchmark is Nifty Medium Duration Debt Index A-III	Potential Risk Class
Macaulay Duration of 3-4 years  *Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt	SCHEME RISKOMETER  Moderates High Address of the state of	Moderate Moderate High	Credit → Risk Relatively Low (Class B)  Relatively Low (Class B)  Relatively Low (Class B)  Relatively Low (Class B)  Relatively Hoph  Relatively High  Relatively High  Relatively High  Relatively High  Relatively High

<sup>^</sup> Please refer to the heading 'A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?' under Part II. INFORAMTION ABOUT THE SCHEME' of Scheme Information Document where the concept of Macaulay duration has been explained.

Continuous Offer for Units at NAV based prices

Name of Mutual Fund	Invesco Mutual Fund	
Name of Asset Management Company	Invesco Asset Management (India) Private Limited	
Name of Trustee Company	Invesco Trustee Private Limited	
Address	2101-A, 21st Floor, A Wing, Marathon Futurex, N.M. Joshi Marg,	
	Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013.	
Name of the Sponsor	Invesco Hong Kong Limited	
Website	www.invescomutualfund.com	

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the Scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Invesco Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.invescomutualfund.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website (www.invescomutualfund.com).

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated November 29, 2024.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	VI	
PART I -	HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME	3
PART II -	INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME	8
A.	Assets Allocation	8
B.	Where will the scheme invest?	. 11
C.	Investment Strategy	. 12
D.	Benchmark Index	
E.	Fund Managers	. 13
F.	How is the scheme different from existing schemes of the mutual fund?	. 13
G.	How has the scheme performed?	. 14
H.	Additional Scheme Related Disclosures	. 14
Part III. C	OTHER DETAILS	. 16
A.	Computation of NAV	. 16
B.	New Fund Offer (NFO) Expenses	. 17
C.	Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses	. 17
D.	Load Structure	. 20
SECTION	VII	. 22
I.	INTRODUCTION	
A.	Definition / Interpretation	
B.	Risk Factors	
C.	Risk Mitigation Strategies.	
II.	INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME:	
A.	Where will the scheme invest	. 28
B.	Investment Restrictions	
C.	Fundamental Attributes	
D.	Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:	
III.	OTHER DETAILS	
A.	Periodic Disclosures	
B.	Transparency / NAV Disclosure	
C.	Transaction Charges and Stamp Duty	
D.	Associate Transactions	
E.	Taxation	
F.	Rights of Unitholders	
G.	List of official points of acceptance	
H.	Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations	. 55

## **SECTION I**

## PART I - HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

I. Name of the Scheme Invesco India Medium Duration Fund				
	Invesco India Medium Duration Fund			
II. Category of the Scheme Medium Duration Fund				
III. Scheme An open ended medium term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the	Macaulay			
type duration of the portfolio is between 3 years and 4 years. A relatively high interest rate	e risk and			
moderate credit risk.				
^Please refer to the heading 'A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSET Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME' of Scheme Information Document concept of Macaulay duration has been explained.				
IV. Scheme INVM/O/D/MDF/21/05/0036				
V. Investment To generate income by investing in a portfolio of Debt and Money Market Instruments	To generate income by investing in a portfolio of Debt and Money Market Instruments such that			
<b>Objective</b> the Macaulay duration of the portfolio is between 3 years and 4 years.				
There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.				
VI. Liquidity The Schemes offers Units for Subscription and Redemption at NAV based prices on al	l Business			
details Days on an ongoing basis.				
Under normal circumstances, the AMC will transfer / dispatch redemption or repurchase	proceeds			
within 3 Business Days from the date of acceptance of redemption or repurchase requ				
Official Points of Acceptance.				
However, in case of exceptional circumstances prescribed by AMFI vide it's letter no. A	MFI/ 35P/			
MEM-COR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, in consultation with SEBI, rede	MEM-COR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, in consultation with SEBI, redemption or			
	repurchase proceeds shall be transferred / dispatched to Unitholders within the time frame			
vII. Benchmark Nifty Medium Duration Debt Index A-III				
VII. Benefitiar K I Witty Weedium Buration Best Index A-III				
On the basis of investment objective/ asset allocation pattern of the Scheme, NIFTY				
Duration Debt Index A-III is currently selected as the First tier Benchmark from benchmarks circulated by AMFI to be used by AMCs as a First Tier Benchmark, pursus				
1.9 as per SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 on 'Guiding Principles for bringing's				
in Benchmarks of Mutual Fund Schemes'.				
	The AMC will calculate the NAVs on daily basis and predominantly disclose the NAVs under a			
	separate headings on the website of the Fund ( <a href="www.invescomutualfund.com">www.invescomutualfund.com</a> ) and AMFI website ( <a href="www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a> ) before 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day. In case NAV of units of Corporate			
Debt Market Development Fund ('CDMDF') is not available by 9:30 p.m. of same Bus				
NAV declaration timing shall be 10 a.m. on next business day instead of 11 p.m. on sam	e Business			
Day.				
For more details on NAV disclosure, refer to details in Section II.				
IX. Applicable The applicable timelines for dispatch / transfer of redemption proceeds and IDCW are a				
	property remains of reaching process within a working any from the auto of			
<ul> <li>acceptance of redemption or repurchase requests at the Official Points of Acceptance</li> <li>Dispatch / Transfer of IDCW - within 7 working days from record date.</li> </ul>	e.			
X. Plans and Plans / Options / Sub-Options:				
Options				
Plans / The details of Plan, Option and Sub-options are as follows: Options and				
sub options Plans Options Sub-options Frequency				
under the Regular Plan Income Reinvestment of Income				
Scheme • Direct Plan Distribution Distribution cum Capital Quarterly				

Sr. No.	Title		Description		
		cum Capital	Withdrawal option		Discretionary
		Withdrawal (IDCW)	Reinvestment') Payout of Income	Distribution	Quarterly
			cum Capital Witho		Discretionary
		Growth	Nil		Nil
			1.11		1 111
		If IDCW payable under IDCW P would be compulsorily reinveste Default option / facility:			
				T	
		Name of the option		Default^	
		Growth / IDCW Quarterly / Discretionary IDCW		Growth	
		IDCW Payout / IDCW Reinvestr	ment	Quarterly IDCW Reinve	stment
		^The above details of default option			
		IDCW Frequency:			
		Under IDCW option, the Scheme	offers following frequ	iency:	_
		Frequency^	Record Date		
			month of each caler eptember & Decembe		
		\$ In case the record date falls on a Day will be considered. AMC rese			
		^The above details of IDCW frequence the Scheme.	uency and record date	e are also applica	able to Direct Plan offered
		In case of IDCW options ex-IDCV on the next day to the record date			d date. Investors investing
		For detailed disclosure on default	plans and options, kir	ndly refer SAI.	
XI.	Load	Exit Load^: Nil	C 1 NU		
	Structure	Switch between the Plans under the	e Scheme: Nii		
		^Exit Load charged, if any, will be	e credited back to the	scheme, net of C	Goods and Services Tax.
****	36: 1	For more details on Load Structure	e, refer to the section	'Load Structure	e' <b>.</b>
XII.	Minimum Application	On Continuous Basis: For Purchase - Rs. 1,000/- per ap	nlication and in multi	inles of Re 1/ th	ereafter
	Application /	1 to 1 to chase - Rs. 1,000/- per ap	prication and in muit	ipies of Re.1/- un	cicatioi.
	switch-in	For Switch-in - Rs. 1,000/- per ap	plication and in mult	iples of Re. 0.01	/- thereafter.
XIII.	Minimum	For Purchase - Rs. 1,000/- per ap			
	Additional	E. C. 4.1. D. 1000/	. 11	· 1	/ .1 C
	Purchase Amount	For Switch-in - Rs. 1,000/- per ap	plication and in mult	ipies of Ke. 0.01/	- tnereafter.
XIV.	Amount Minimum	Rs. 1,000/- or 0.001 Unit or accou	nt balance whichever	is lower	
711 7 .	Redemption	1.5. 1,000/ 01 0.001 Oint of <b>accou</b>	ne dalance winenever	is lower.	
	/ switch-out				
XV.	amount Segregated portfolio /	The Scheme contains enabling prorefer SAI.	ovisions for creation of	of segregated poi	rtfolio. For Details, kindly
	side				
	pocketing				
	disclosure				

Sr. No.	Title	Description			
XVI.	Swing	The Scheme contains enabling provisions for Mandatory Swing Pricing and Triggering Swing			
	pricing	Pricing on re-opening of a Scheme after announ			
	disclosure				
XVII.	Stock		rities in accordance with the framework relating to		
	lending /	short selling and securities lending and borrowing	ng specified by SEBI. For Details, Kindly refer SAI		
********	short selling				
XVIII.	How to		randum may be obtained from Official Points of		
	Apply and other		(ISCs) of the AMC or RTA or Distributors or can omutualfund.com. The list of the OPA / ISC are		
	details		orm duly filled and signed should be submitted at		
		the OPA / ISC. The list of OPA / ISCs are available			
		For further details, please refer to the SAI and A	application form for the instructions.		
XIX.	Investor	Contact details for general service requests:			
	services				
		For AMC	For RTA		
		Invesco Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd.	KFin Technologies Ltd.		
		2101-A, A Wing, 21 <sup>st</sup> Floor, Marathon Futurex, N. M. Joshi Marg,	Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot No 31 & 32, Gachibowli, Financial District,		
		Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013	Nanakramguda, Serilingampally,		
		Tel: +91 22 67310000	Hyderabad – 500 032		
		Fax: +91 22 23019422	Tel No.: 1800 309 4034		
		E-mail: <u>mfservices@invesco.com</u>	E-mail: mfservices@invesco.com		
		Contact details for complaint resolution:			
			ve for complaint resolution. They can also address		
			rector & Head - Operations and Customer Services		
		at the address of AMC given above.			
		E 4 ' 4 1 1 CEDIC	1 1 64 . 1		
		Further, investors may also approach SEBI for redressal of their complaints / grievances. Investors may lodge their complaints through SCORES (SEBI Complaints Redress System -			
		https://scores.sebi.gov.in) or Online Dispute Resolution Portal ("ODR Portal")			
			evances through online conciliation and online		
		arbitration. For details, please refer to SAI.	č		
XX.	Special	The Special Products available to the Scheme an	re as follows:		
	product /				
	facility	1. Systematic Investment Plan ('SIP')			
	available	a. Top up facility b. Pause facility			
		c. Modify facility			
		2. Systematic Transfer Plan ('STP')			
		a. Fixed STP			
		b. Flex STP			
		c. Appreciation STP			
		<u> </u>	nsferor) Scheme for Fixed STP, Flex STP and		
		Appreciation STP and Target (Transferee) S	Scheme for Fixed STP		
		3. Systematic Withdrawal Plan ('SWP')			
		a. Fixed Option			
		b. Appreciation Option			
		4. Event Trigger Plan ('ETP')			
		Transfer of Income Distribution cum Capita     Note: The Scheme acts as source as well as			
		The Scheme also offers following facilities:			
		1. Online/Internet Systematic Investment Plan	('ISIP') facility		
		2. Switching Options			

Sr. No.	Title	Description				
		a. Inter - Scheme Switching				
		b. Intra - Scheme Switching				
		<ul><li>3. Application via electronic mode</li><li>4. Purchase/Redemption / Switch of units through Stock Exchange Infrastructure</li></ul>				
		Transaction through electronic platform			ucture	
				ring House ('NACH') facility		
		The details of Fi		mum amount and multiples, Mi ollows:	nimum No. of I	nstalments and Dates
		Special Product / facilities	Frequency	Minimum Amount and in multiples	Minimum Instalments	Dates
			Monthly	Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1	6	Any date except 29 <sup>th</sup> , 30 <sup>th</sup> or 31 <sup>st</sup>
		SIP	Quarterly	Rs. 2000 and in multiple of Re. 1	4	of the month
		Top-up SIP	6 Monthly	Rs. 100 and in multiple of	Not	Not Applicable
			Yearly Daily	Re. 1 Rs. 500 and in multiple of	Applicable 12	The instalment
			Dany	Rs. 300 and in multiple of Re. 1	12	will be processed only if it is a Business Day for source scheme as well as target
		Fixed STP	XX7 1.1	B 1000 1: 1: 1 C		scheme
			Weekly Fortnightly	Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1	6 12	Monday to Friday  1st and 16th of
			Monthly		6	each month
			Monthly Quarterly	Rs. 1500 and in multiple of	6 4	Any date choice except 29 <sup>th</sup> , 30 <sup>th</sup>
			Quarterry	Re. 1	4	& 31 <sup>st</sup>
		Flex STP	Monthly	Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1	6	Any date choice except 29 <sup>th</sup> , 30 <sup>th</sup>
			Quarterly	Rs. 1500 and in multiple of Re. 1	4	& 31 <sup>st</sup>
		Appreciation STP	Monthly	Rs. 500 and in multiple of Re. 1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
			Quarterly	Rs. 500 and in multiple of Re. 1		
		Fixed SWP	Weekly	Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1	6	First business day of the week
			Monthly	Rs. 1000 and in multiple of Re. 1	6	3 <sup>rd</sup> , 10 <sup>th</sup> , 15 <sup>th</sup> , 20 <sup>th</sup> or 25 <sup>th</sup> of each
			Quarterly	Rs. 1500 and in multiple of Re. 1	4	month /quarter
		Appreciation	Weekly	Rs. 500 and in multiple of	Not	Not Applicable
		SWP	Monthly Quarterly	Re. 1	Applicable	
		For further data		recial products / facilities, kindly	refer ÇAI	
XXI.	Weblink	TER for last si			TEICI SAI.	
AAI.	VI COMIK			n/about-us?tab=Statutory&activ	e=ExpenseRati	<u>oDisclosure</u>
		Factsheet - http	s://invescomut	tualfund.com/literature-and-form	n?tab=Factshee	<u>ets</u>

#### DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

#### It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf were complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- (vi) The AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and there are no deviations from the regulations.
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that Invesco India Medium Duration Fund approved by them is a new product offered by Invesco Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

For Invesco Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Investment Manager to Invesco Mutual Fund)

Sd/-Suresh Jakhotiya Head - Compliance

Place: Mumbai

Date: November 29, 2024

## PART II - INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

#### A. Assets Allocation

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation of the Scheme would be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative Allocations (% of total assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Debt (including government securities) and Money Market Instruments*	0	100
Units issued by REITs and InvITs	0	10

<sup>\*</sup>The portfolio shall have Macaulay duration between 3 years to 4 years.

However, the Fund Manager, in the interest of investors, may reduce the portfolio duration of the Scheme upto 1 year in case he has views on the interest rate movements in the light of anticipated adverse situation.

Under anticipated adverse circumstances, the asset allocation of the Scheme would be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative Allocations (% of total assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Debt (including government securities) and Money Market	0	100
Instruments*		
Units issued by REITs and InvITs	0	10

<sup>\*</sup>The portfolio shall have Macaulay duration between 1 year to 4 years.

The Scheme shall have exposure to following instruments as per the percentages prescribed below and actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable circulars:

Sl. no	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references
1.	Securitized Debt [including pass through certificates (PTC)]	Upto 25% of the net assets of the Scheme	Para 12.15 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
2.	Derivatives (including CDS)	Upto 20% of the net assets of the Scheme	Para 7.6, 12.25, 12.28 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
3.	Repo in corporate debt securities	Upto 10% of the net assets of the scheme.	Para 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
4.	ReITs and InvITs	Upto 10% of the net assets of the Scheme	Clause 13 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI MF Regulations and Para 12.21 of Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 and as per Asset Allocation Pattern
5.	Securities lending	Upto 20% of net assets of the Scheme and Upto 5% of net assets of the Scheme to any single intermediary	Para 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
6.	Short term deposits of all the Scheduled Commercial Banks (pending deployment)	Upto 15% of net assets (Upto 20% of net assets with Trustee Approval)	Para 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
7.	Debt Instruments having Structured Obligation (SO rating) and / or Credit Enhancements (CE rating)	Upto 10% of Debt portfolio of the Scheme	Para 12.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024

Sl. no	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references
8.	Debt instruments having special features [i.e Additional Tier I (AT1) and Tier II bonds]	Upto 10% of Debt portfolio of the Scheme	Para 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
9.	Debt Mutual Fund Scheme	Upto 5% of net assets at fund house level	Clause 4 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI MF Regulations.
10.	Overseas / Foreign securities (including mutual fund and other approved securities)	Upto 20% of the net assets of the Scheme or residual regulatory limit, whichever is lower.	Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
11.	Unrated debt and money market instruments	Upto 5% of the net assets of the scheme.	Para 12.1.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
12.	Unlisted non convertible debentures	Upto 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme	Para 12.1.1 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
13.	Triparty Repo (TREPS) on Government securities or treasury bills.	Upto 100% of the net assets of the scheme.	As per asset allocation table

The Scheme will not make investments in

Sr no	Type of instruments
1.	Foreign Securitized Debt

The Scheme may invest in floating rate instruments where coupon reset may happen at frequent intervals. Floating rate debt securities will also include fixed rate debt securities swapped for floating rate returns by using derivatives as described in the scheme information document later.

The Scheme may enter into repos/reverse repos including repo in corporate debt securities as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI. From time to time, the Scheme may hold cash. A part of the net assets may be invested in the TREPS, repo or in an alternative investment as may be provided by RBI to meet the liquidity requirements.

The Scheme may seek investment opportunity in foreign securities / overseas ETFs in accordance with the guidelines stipulated by SEBI and RBI from time to time.

The scheme may invest in credit default swap (CDS) transactions as permitted under regulations.

The Scheme retains the flexibility to invest across all the securities in the debt and money markets instruments. The portfolio may hold cash depending on the market condition. The fund manager can use derivative instruments to protect the downside risk and/or to enhance the yield on the portfolio.

In line with para 12.24 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, The cumulative gross exposure through debt, fixed income derivative positions, repo transactions and credit default swaps in corporate debt securities, REITs, InvITs, other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approvals, if any, shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.

Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. Point 67 of Policy Related emails issued by SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 has clarified that Cash Equivalent shall consist of Government Securities, T-Bills and Repo on Government Securities.

In accordance with the requirements of Regulation 43A of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 read with para 16A.2 of SEBI Master circular dated June 27, 2024 on Investment by Mutual Fund Schemes in units of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund, the Scheme had invested 25 bps of its AUM as on December 31, 2022 in the units of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund within 10 working days from the request of

CDMDF. Further, an incremental contribution to CDMDF shall be made every six months within 10 working days from the end of half year starting from December 2023 to ensure 25 bps of scheme AUM is invested in units of CDMDF. However, if AUM decreases there shall be no return or redemption from CDMDF. Contribution made to CDMDF, including the appreciations on the same, if any, shall be locked-in till winding up of the CDMDF. However, in case of winding up of contributing Scheme, inter-scheme transfers within the same Mutual Fund or across Mutual Funds may be undertaken.

Further, investments in CDMDF units shall not be considered as violation while considering maturity restriction as applicable for various purposes (including applicable Investment limits) and the calculations of Potential Risk Class (PRC) Matrix, Risk-o-meter, Stress testing and Duration for various purposes shall be done after excluding investments in units of CDMDF.

Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute. These proportions can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Fund Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive considerations only. The Fund Manager will restore asset allocation in line with the asset allocation pattern within 30 days. In case the portfolio is not re-balanced within 30 days, justification for the same shall be recorded in writing and will be placed before the investment committee. The investment committee will then decide on further course of action.

#### Rebalancing due to Passive Breaches:

Further, as per para 2.9. of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, as may be amended from time to time, in the event of deviation from mandated asset allocation due to passive breaches (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of the AMC), the fund manager shall rebalance the portfolio of the Scheme within 30 Business Days. In case the portfolio of the Scheme is not rebalanced within the period of 30 Business Days, justification in writing, including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee of the AMC. The Investment Committee, if it so desires, can extend the timeline for rebalancing up to sixty (60) Business Days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. Further, in case the portfolio is not rebalanced within the aforementioned mandated plus extended timelines the AMC shall comply with the prescribed restrictions, the reporting and disclosure requirements as specified in para 2.9. of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024

Whenever the Macaulay Duration of the Portfolio is reduced below the floor of 3 years, the AMC will record the reason for same with adequate justification and written justification will be placed before the subsequent Trustee meeting.

## ^ Macaulay Duration (as Defined by the RBI)

Macaulay Duration of a bond is the number of years taken to recover the initial investment of a bond. It is calculated as the weighted average number of years to receive the cash flow wherein the present value of respective cash flows is multiplied with the time to that respective cash flows. The total of such values is divided by the price of the security to arrive at the duration.

Macaulay Duration is calculated as:

Macaulay duration 
$$= \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{n} \frac{tC}{(1+y)^{t}} + \frac{nM}{(1+y)^{n}}}{P}$$

Where;

t = period in which the coupon is received

C= periodic coupon payment

y =the periodic yield to maturity

n = number of periods

M = maturity value

P = market price of the bond / security

#### Let us understand the concept of Macaulay Duration with the help of an illustration:

Assume, a bond, with a Face Value of Rs 1,000, pays 6% coupon and matures in 4 years. Interest rate is 6% per annum. The bond pays the coupon annually and pays the principal + coupon on the final payment.

Time Periods	Cash Flow Type	Annual Cash Flows (Rs.)	Present Value (PV) of Cash Flow @ 6% (interest rate)	PV * Time
1	Coupon	60	56.6	56.6
2	Coupon	60	53.4	106.8
3	Coupon	60	50.4	151.14
4	Coupon + Principal	1060	839.62	3358.48
Total		1240	1000	3673.02

Macaulay Duration = PV \* Time / Bond Price = 3673.02 / 1000 = 3.67 years

### B. Where will the scheme invest?

The corpus of the Scheme will be predominantly invested in Debt and Money Market Instruments, such that the Macaulay duration of the portfolio is between 3 years to 4 years, which will include but not limited to:

- 1. Certificate of Deposits
- 2. Commercial Paper
- 3. Treasury Bills
- 4. Tri-party Repo
- 5. Non-convertible debentures
- 6. Non-Convertible Preference Shares (NCPS)\*
- 7. Floating rate debt instruments
- 8. Repo (Repurchase Agreement) or Reverse Repo including Repo in corporate bond securities
- 9. Securitized Assets
- 10. Pass Through Certificate
- 11. Debt instruments with special features [i.e Additional Tier I (AT1) and Tier II bonds]
- 12. Debt Instruments having Structured Obligation (SO rating) and / or Credit Enhancements (CE rating)
- 13. Derivative Instrument like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreement and such other derivative instruments as may be permitted under the Regulations.
- 14. Clearcorp Repo Order Matching System
- 15. Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments as may be permitted by RBI
- 16. Cash Management Bills
- 17. Bills Rediscounting.
- 18. Real Estate Investment Trust (REITs)
- 19. Infrastructure Investment Trust (InvIT)
- 20. Corporate Debt Market Development Fund
- 21. Debt Mutual Fund Scheme.
- 22. Any foreign fixed income security / debt instrument as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI from time to time
- 23. Short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks.
- 24. Any other securities as permitted by SEBI/RBI from time to time.

Investment in overseas securities shall be made in accordance with the requirements stipulated by SEBI and RBI from time to time.

\*As per Para 12.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, Non-Convertible Preference Shares (NCPS) shall be treated as Debt instruments.

For details, refer Section II.

## C. Investment Strategy

The Scheme will be actively managed. The Scheme will invest in a portfolio of debt and money market instruments with an aim to generate income from active credit spread management, while maintaining portfolio Macaulay duration between 3-4 years under normal circumstances. The Scheme will identify mispriced assets in the market to generate additional returns. At all times, the Scheme will target securities which can offer optimal level of yields/returns, while giving due emphasis to its risk-reward characteristics. The investments will be made following a detailed assessment of the liquidity, rates and the state of the credit market. The allocation will largely be in the corporate debt and money market segment of the curve and in the sovereign segment of the market. The Scheme will take controlled and selective exposure to high credit quality investments from the list approved by the proprietary credit assessment model (from time to time), which is a credit scoring model targeted to identify the credit strength of the borrower. The management team will also keep tab of the rate environment, liquidity, macroeconomic parameters and use various portfolio construction levers of instrument, spreads, security, liquidity, diversification, duration and credit quality to identify the appropriateness of any position in the portfolio.

#### Risk Control

Risk is an inherent part of the investment function. Effective risk management is critical to fund management for achieving financial soundness. Investments by the Scheme shall be made as per the investment objectives of the Scheme and provisions of SEBI regulations. AMC has incorporated adequate safeguards to manage risk in the portfolio construction process. Risk control would involve managing risk in order to keep it in line with the investment objective of the Scheme. The risk control process involves identifying & measuring the risk through various risk measurement tools like but not limited to VAR, tracking error etc. Further AMC has implemented Bloomberg Asset and Investment Manager System as Front Office System (FOS) for managing risk. The system has inbuilt feature which enables the fund manager to calculate various risk ratios, average duration and analyze the same.

#### **Investment in Derivatives**

The Scheme may invest in various derivative instruments, which are permissible under the applicable Regulations and shall also be subject to the investment objective and strategy of the Scheme and the internal limits, if any, as laid down from time to time. For detailed derivative strategies, please refer to SAI.

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Scheme being an open-ended Scheme, it is expected that there would be a number of Subscriptions and Redemptions on a daily basis. The fund management team depending on its view and subject to there being an opportunity, may trade in securities, which will result in increase in portfolio turnover. Further, in the debt market, trading opportunities may arise due to changes in interest rate policy announced by RBI, shifts in the yield curve, credit rating changes or any other factors where in the opinion of the fund manager there is an opportunity to enhance the total return of the portfolio, which will result in increase in portfolio turnover. There may be an increase in transaction cost such as brokerage paid, if trading is done frequently. However, the cost would be negligible as compared to the total expenses of the Scheme. Frequent trading may increase the profits which will offset the increase in costs. The fund manager will endeavor to optimize portfolio turnover to maximize gains and minimize risks keeping in mind the cost associated with it. However, it is difficult to measure with reasonable accuracy the likely turnover in the portfolio of the Scheme.

#### D. Benchmark Index

Benchmark	Justification
Index	
Nifty Medium	On the basis of investment objective/ asset allocation pattern of the Scheme, NIFTY
Duration Debt	Medium Duration Debt Index A-III is currently selected as the First tier Benchmark
Index A-III	from the list of benchmark circulated by AMFI to be used by AMCs as a First Tier
	Benchmark, pursuant to para 1.9 as per SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 on
	'Guiding Principles for bringing uniformity in Benchmarks of Mutual Fund Schemes'.

The Trustee / AMC reserve the right to change the benchmark for evaluation of performance of the Scheme from time to time in conformity with the investment objectives and appropriateness of the benchmark subject to the SEBI Regulations and other prevailing guidelines.

## E. Fund Managers

Name	Age (Yrs)	Educational Qualifications	Total number of years of experience	Tenure for which Fund Manager has been managing the Scheme	Assignments held during the last 10 years
Mr. Vikas Garg	43 Years	B. Tech., M. Tech. (Chemical Engineering, IIT, Delhi), PGDBM (XLRI, Jamshedpur), CFA Charter - USA	More than 19 years of experience of which 17 years in credit analysis & fixed income market	3 Years and 3 Months	March 23, 2020 - till date Invesco Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd.  November 26, 2012 to March 20, 2020 Portfolio Manager - Fixed Income - L&T Investment Management Ltd.
Mr. Krishna Cheemalapati	53 years	B.E. (ECE), PGDBA, CFA (ICFAI, Hyderabad)	More than 26 years of experience in Fixed Income market	3 years and 3 months	Jan 18, 2011 - till date Invesco Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd.

Other schemes managed by Fund Manager(s):

Name of the Scheme	Fund Manager		
Invesco India Corporate Bond Fund			
Invesco India Credit Risk Fund	Mr. Vikas Garg and Mr. Krishna Cheemalapati		
Invesco India Banking and PSU Fund			
Invesco India Short Duration Fund			
Invesco India Money Market Fund			
Invesco India Low Duration Fund			
Invesco India Ultra Short Duration Fund	Mr. Vrishna Chaamalanati and Mr. Vilsas Gara		
Invesco India Gilt Fund	Mr. Krishna Cheemalapati and Mr. Vikas Garg		
Invesco India Nifty G-sec Jul 2027 Index Fund			
Invesco India Nifty G-sec Sep 2032 Index Fund			
Invesco India Liquid Fund	Mr. Krishna Cheemalapati and Mr. Prateek Jain		
Invesco India Overnight Fund			
Invesco India Aggressive Hybrid Fund	Mr. Dhimant Kothari, Mr. Hiten Jain (For equity		
	Investments) and Mr. Krishna Cheemalapati (for debt		
	investments)		
Invesco India Equity Savings Fund	Mr. Dhimant Kothari, Mr. Amit Nigam (for equity		
	investments), Mr. Deepak Gupta (For Arbitrage) and Mr.		
	Krishna Cheemalapati (for debt investments)		

## **Dedicated Fund Manager for investing in Foreign Securities**

Pursuant to SEBI Circular dated April 30, 2024, appointment of dedicated fund manager for making investment in overseas securities is optional. The fund manager(s) of the Scheme will be responsible for making investments in overseas securities.

## F. How is the scheme different from existing schemes of the mutual fund?

Sr. No.	Scheme Name	Website Link
1.	Invesco India Corporate Bond Fund	
2.	Invesco India Credit Risk Fund	

Γ	3.	Invesco India Gilt Fund	
	4.	Invesco India Short Duration Fund	
	5.	Invesco India Banking and PSU Fund	
	6.	Invesco India Medium Duration Fund	
	7.	Invesco India Money Market Fund	https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-
	8.	Invesco India Low Duration Fund	and-form?tab=Scheme
Γ	9.	Invesco India Ultra Short Duration Fund	
	10.	Invesco India Nifty G-sec Jul 2027 Index	
		Fund	
	11.	Invesco India Nifty G-sec Sep 2032 Index	
		Fund	
	12.	Invesco India Overnight Fund	
Γ	13.	Invesco India Liquid Fund	

## G. How has the scheme performed?

The performance of the Scheme as on September 30, 2024 is as follows:

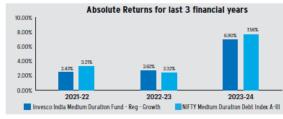
#### Performance of the Scheme (as on September 30, 2024)

Invesco India Medium Duration Fund - Regular Plan - Growth

Invesco India Medium Duration Fund - Direct Plan - Growth

Particulars	1 Year	3 Years	Since Inception
Invesco India Medium Duration Fund - Reg - Growth	8.19%	4.90%	5.03%
NIFTY Medium Duration Debt Index A-III	8.54%	5.31%	5.51%

Particulars	1 Year	3 Years	Since Inception
Invesco India Medium Duration Fund - Direct Plan - Growth	8.95%	5.82%	5.95%
NIFTY Medium Duration Debt Index A-III	8.54%	5.31%	5.51%





Past performance may or may not be sustained in future.

Returns for 1 year are absolute. Returns > 1 year are compounded annualized returns (CAGR) & inception date is deemed to be date of allotment. Date of allotment: Invesco India Medium Duration Fund, Invesco India Medium Duration Fund - Direct Plan July 16, 2021; Different Plans have different expense structure.

## H. Additional Scheme Related Disclosures

1. Scheme's Portfolio Holding: (Top 10 holding and fund allocation towards various sectors): <a href="https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Complete">https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Complete</a>

#### 2. Portfolio Disclosure:

- a. Fortnightly: <a href="https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Fortnightly">https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Fortnightly</a>
- b. Half yearly: <a href="https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=HalfYearlyHoldings">https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=HalfYearlyHoldings</a>

## 3. Aggregate investment in the Scheme by Fund Manager(s) of the Scheme:

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Value		Market Value (in
		Units	NAV per unit	Rs.)
1.	Vikas Garg	121.778	1203.9656	146,616.52
2.	Krishna Cheemalapati	85.164	1203.9656	102,534.53

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.

**Note** - The above investments also include investments made in the name of Designated employees of the AMC pursuant to para 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 on 'Alignment of interest of Designated Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes.

#### 4. Investments of AMC in the Scheme:

Under Regulation 25(16A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, 1996 read with para 6.9 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the AMC will invest in the Scheme as a percentage of assets under management ('AUM') of the Scheme based on risk assigned to the Scheme. For the purpose of this requirements, the risk value assigned to the Scheme will be as per the risk-o-meter in terms of para 17.4.1.d as per SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024and risk-o-meter of immediately preceding month shall be considered. The investments will be maintained at all points of time till the Scheme is wound up and will be reviewed on a quarterly basis to ensure that the investments are aligned due to change in AUM and / or change in risk value of the Scheme. Based on quarterly review, shortfall in value of investments, if any, shall be made good within 7 days of such review. Further, the AMC may withdraw any excess investments than what is required pursuant to such quarterly review. However, mandatory investments already made in compliance with prevailing Regulation 28 in the Scheme will not be withdrawn irrespective of it's market value but can be adjusted against the investment required by the AMC pursuant to Regulation 25(16A) read with para 6.9 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

In addition to above investments, the AMC may invest in the Scheme during the continuous offer period subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

As per the existing SEBI (MF) Regulations, the AMC will not charge investment management and advisory fee on the investment made by it in the Scheme.

## Investment by the AMC in the units of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund

Pursuant to regulation 43A of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and para 16A.2 of SEBI Master circular dated June 27, 2024 on Investment by Mutual Fund Schemes and AMCs in units of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund, AMC shall make a one-time contribution equivalent to 2 bps of the AUM of the specified debt oriented schemes as on December 31, 2022 in the units of the Corporate Debt Market Development Fund ('CDMDF') within 10 working days of request from CDMDF. Contribution made to CDMDF, including the appreciations on the same, if any, shall be locked-in till winding up of the CDMDF.

Website link to review details of investments by the AMC in the Scheme is as follows: https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Scheme

#### Part III. OTHER DETAILS

#### A. Computation of NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per Unit of the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding on the valuation day. The Mutual Fund will value its investments according to the principle of fair valuation as specified in Schedule VIII of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

The Net Assets Value (NAV) per unit Units of the Scheme shall be calculated by either of the following methods shown below:

## **Illustration of Computation of NAV:**

The computation of NAV per unit using various components is explained as follows:

Particulars	Amount in Rs.
Market or Fair Value of Scheme's Investments(A)	10,00,00,000.00
Add: Current Assets including Accrued Income(B)	75,34,345.00
Less: Current Liabilities and Provisions(C)	(30,00,000.00)
Net Assets (A+B-C)	10,45,34,345.00

No. of Units outstanding under Scheme on the Valuation Day: 100,000.

The NAV per unit will be computed as follows: 10,45,34,345 / 100,000 = Rs. 1045.3435 p.u. (rounded off to four decimals).

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI

#### Methodology for calculation of sale and re-purchase price of the units:

• Ongoing price for subscription (purchase) / switch-in (from other schemes/plans of the mutual fund) by investors.

The Purchase Price of Units is the price at which an investor can subscribe /purchase Units of the Scheme. During the continuous offer of the Scheme, the Units will be available at the Applicable NAV. Pursuant to para 10.4.1.a of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, there is no entry load for purchase of Units of the Scheme. Accordingly, Purchase Price will be equal to Applicable NAV.

**Example:** The applicable NAV of the Scheme is Rs. 1100.00 p.u. Since Entry load is not applicable, the sale / subscription price will be calculated as follows:

The investors should also note that stamp duty at the applicable rate will be levied on applicable transactions i.e. purchase, switch-in, IDCW reinvestment, instalment of Systematic Investment Plan, Systematic Transfer Plan. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted will be lower to that extent. For more details & impact of stamp duty on number of units allotted, please refer **SAI** 

## Ongoing price for redemption (sale) / switch outs (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors

Ongoing price for redemption /switch out (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) is price which a Unit holder will receive for redemption/switch-outs. During the continuous offer of the Scheme, the Unit holder can redeem the units at applicable NAV, subject to payment of Exit Load, if any. It will be calculated as follows:

Redemption Price = Applicable NAV\*(1-Exit Load, if any)

**Example 1:** The applicable NAV of the Scheme is Rs. 1100.00 p.u. If the applicable Exit Load at the time of investments is 1%, then the repurchase / redemption price will be calculated as follows:

```
= Rs. 1100.00*(1-0.01)
= Rs.1100.00*0.99
= Rs. 1089
```

**Example 2:** The applicable NAV of the Scheme is Rs. 1100.00 p.u. If the applicable Exit Load at the time of investment is Nil, then the repurchase / redemption price will be calculated as follows:

```
Repurchase / Redemption Price = Applicable NAV*(1-Exit Load)
= Rs. 1100.00*(1-0)
= Rs.1100.00*1
= Rs. 1100.00
```

Since the Scheme is not an equity scheme, Securities Transaction Tax (STT) is not applicable.

The Redemption / Repurchase Price will not be lower than 95% of the Applicable NAV.

#### B. New Fund Offer (NFO) Expenses

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid, marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationery, bank charges etc.

As per SEBI Regulations, new fund offer expenses were not charged to the Scheme.

#### C. Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include investment management and advisory fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated that upto 2.00% of the daily net assets of the Scheme will be charged to the Scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the Fund.

Expense Head	(% of daily Net Assets*) (Estimated p.a.)
Investment Management & Advisory Fee	
Fees & Expenses of Trustees	Un to 2.00
Audit Fees	Up to 2.00
Custodian Fees	

Expense Head	(% of daily Net Assets*) (Estimated p.a.)
Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost of providing account statement /	
IDCW / redemption cheques / warrants	
Marketing & Selling Expenses including Agents Commission**	
Costs related to investor communications	
Costs of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of Statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Payment towards brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps for cash market trades	
Goods and Services Tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees***	
Goods and Services Tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Maximum Total expenses ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)	Up to 2.00
Additional expenses under Regulations 52(6A)(c)#	Up to 0.05
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities	Up to 0.30

#these expenses will not be charged if exit load is not levied / not applicable to the Scheme.

In addition to the expenses mentioned in table above, brokerage and transaction costs incurred for the purpose of execution of trade upto 0.12% (12 bps) of value of trade in case of cash market transaction and 0.05% (5 bps) of value of trade in case of derivative transactions shall also be charged to the Scheme (as provided in Regulation 52(6A) (a) of the Regulations).

\*All fees and expenses charged in a Direct Plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a Existing / Regular Plan. Commission and distribution expenses will not be charged to the Direct Plan. Further, Direct Plan under the scheme will have a separate NAV.

\*\*For payment of Agents Commission, MF / AMC has adopted full trail model of commission without payment of any upfront commission or upfronting of any trail commission, directly or indirectly, in cash or kind, through sponsorships, or any other route. However, upfronting of trail commission will be allowed for inflows through Systematic Investment Plans (SIPs) from new investors, up to 1% payable yearly in advance, for a maximum period of three years subject to guidelines provided by SEBI, as amended from time to time. The upfront trail commission shall be paid from the books of the AMC and amortized on daily basis to the scheme over the period for which the payment has been made.

\*\*\*Goods and Services Tax on investment and advisory fees will be in addition to maximum limit as mentioned above.

The expenses to the scheme can be charged as Investment Management and Advisory Fees under Regulation 52 (2) and the various sub-heads of recurring expenses mentioned under Regulation 52 (4) of SEBI (MF) Regulations. Thus, there shall be no internal sub-limits within the expense ratio for expense heads mentioned under Regulation 52 (2) and (4) respectively. Further, the additional expenses under Regulation 52(6A)(c) may be incurred either towards investment & advisory fees and/or towards other expense heads as stated above.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the investor in understanding various costs and expenses that an investor in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly. These estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available with AMC based on past experience and are subject to change inter-se. The total recurring expenses that can be charged to the Scheme will be subject to limits prescribed from time to time under the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Annual recurring expenses of the Scheme, (including the investment and advisory fees without any sub-limit) as a % of daily net assets will be subject to following limit:

First Rs. 500 Crores	Next Rs. 250 Crores	Next Rs. 1,250 Crores	Next Rs. 3,000 Crores	Next Rs. 5,000 Crores	Next Rs. 40,000 Crores	Balance
2.00%	1.75%	1.50%	1.35%	1.25%	TER reduction of 0.05% for every increase of Rs. 5,000 crores or part thereof	0.80%

In addition to TER within the limits specified under regulation 52 (6) of the Regulations, the AMC may charge expenses not exceeding 0.05% of daily net assets of the scheme as permitted under Regulation 52 (6A) (c), towards investment & advisory fees as specified under regulation 52(2) of the Regulations and/or towards recurring expenses as specified under 52(4) of the Regulations. **However, such additional expenses will not be charged if exit load is not levied / not applicable to the Scheme.** 

## Additional Distribution Expenses in case of new inflows from specified cities

In addition to Total Expenses Ratio (TER) as specified above, the AMC will charge expenses not exceeding 0.30% of daily net assets if the new inflows in the scheme from such cities, as specified by SEBI from time to time, are at least:

- (i) 30% of gross new inflows in the scheme, or;
- (ii) 15% of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher.

In case, inflows from such cities is less than the higher of (i) or (ii) of above, such expenses on daily net assets of scheme will be charged on proportionate basis in accordance with para 10.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

The additional expenses on account of inflows from such cities charged will be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

The additional expenses charged in case of inflows from such cities will be utilized for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities.

The additional TER in terms of Regulation 52(6A)(b) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 shall be charged upto 30 basis points on daily net assets of the scheme based on inflows only from retail investors beyond Top 30 cities (B-30 cities). Inflows of amount upto Rs. 2,00,000 per transaction by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from retail investors. Top 30 cities shall mean top 30 cities based on Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) data on 'AUM by Geography - Consolidated Data for Mutual Fund Industry' as at the end of the previous financial year.

The additional commission for B-30 cities shall be paid as trail only.

Note: Pursuant to AMFI email dated March 2, 2023 with respect to keeping the B-30 incentive structure in abeyance, the AMC will not charge additional 30 bps on new inflows garnered from retail investors from B-30 cities till further notice.

The total expenses of the Scheme including the Investment Management and Advisory Fee shall not exceed the limits stated in Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

All Scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the Scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the AMC, its Associate, Sponsor, Trustee or any other entity through any route.

However, expenses that are very small in value but high in volume may be paid out of AMC's books at actuals or not exceeding 2 bps of respective Scheme AUM, whichever is lower. A list of such miscellaneous expenses will be as provided by AMFI in consultation with SEBI.

The Fund will update the current expense ratios on its website atleast three working days prior to the effective date of the change. The investors can refer to <a href="https://invescomutualfund.com/about-us?tab=Statutory">https://invescomutualfund.com/about-us?tab=Statutory</a> for Total Expense Ratio (TER) details.

Additionally, the Fund will disclose the Total Expense Ratio (TER) of the Scheme on daily basis on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com).

Further, any change in the base TER (i.e. TER excluding additional expenses provided in Regulation 52 (6A) (b) and 52 (6A) (c) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and Goods & Services Tax on investment and advisory fees) in comparison to previous base TER charged to the Scheme / Plan shall be communicated to investors of the Scheme / Plan through notice via email or SMS and will be uploaded on the website (https://www.invescomutualfund.com/about-us?tab=Statutory) at least three working days prior to effecting such change.

#### Illustration of impact of expense ratio on Scheme's returns is as follows:

Particulars	Regular Plan	Direct Plan		
Amount Invested at the beginning of the year (Rs.)	10,000/-	10,000/-		
Annualized Gross Return (Assumed)	8.50%	8.50%		
Gross Returns Before Expenses (Rs.)	850/-	850/-		
Expenses other than Distribution Expenses (Rs.)	100/-	100/-		
Distribution Expenses (Rs.)	50/-	-		
Total Expense Ratio (p.a.)	1.50%	1.00%		
Returns after Expenses at the end of the Year (Rs.)	700/-	750		
Returns after Expenses at the end of the Year (in %) (Annualized)	7.00%	7.50%		

**Note:** The above is just an illustration to explain the impact of the expense ratio on the performance of the Scheme. The actual returns generated by the Scheme will change from time to time.

#### D. Load Structure

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the Units from the Scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (<a href="www.invescomutualfund.com">www.invescomutualfund.com</a>) or you may call at 1800 209 0007 (toll-free) or you can contact your distributor.

## For Lump sum Purchases and investments through Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) and Systematic Transfer Plan (STP):

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as % of NAV)
Exit Load^	Exit Load: Nil Switch between the Plans under the Scheme: Nil
	^Exit Load charged, if any, will be credited back to the scheme, net of Goods and Services Tax.

- No Exit Load will be levied on Units issued on IDCW reinvested.
- No Exit Load will be levied on Units issued as bonus units.
- A switch-out or a withdrawal under SWP will also attract an Exit Load like any Redemption.

Load Structure in the Transferee Scheme (target scheme) prevailing at the time of submission of STP application (whether for fresh enrolment or extension) will be applicable for all the investments through STP specified in the SID of the Scheme.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing. Investors may refer to the current applicable Load structure by referring to the SID on the AMC website or by calling at 1800 209 0007 (toll-free).

Under the Scheme, the AMC reserves the right to change / modify the Load structure if it so deems fit in the interest of smooth and efficient functioning of the Mutual Fund. The AMC reserves the right to introduce / modify the Load depending upon the circumstances prevailing at that time subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the SEBI Regulations.

The Redemption / Repurchase Price will not be lower than 95% of the Applicable NAV.

Any imposition or enhancement of Load in future shall be applicable on prospective investments only. At the time of changing the Load Structure:

- 1. The addendum detailing the changes will be displayed on the Website of the Fund (www.invescomutualfund.com).
- 2. The addendum detailing the changes will be attached to SID and Key Information Memorandum. The addendum will be circulated to all the distributors / brokers so that the same can be attached to all SIDs and Key Information Memorandum already in stock.
- 3. Arrangements will be made to display the addendum in the form of a notice in all the Investor Service Centres and distributors / brokers office.
- 4. The introduction of the exit load along with the details will be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and will also be disclosed in the accounts statement issued after the introduction of such load.
- 5. Any other measure which the AMC may consider necessary

#### **SECTION II**

#### I. INTRODUCTION

#### A. Definition / Interpretation

For the meaning of words, expressions and abbreviations used in this Scheme Information Document, interpretations, please click on the functional website Link given below:

https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Scheme

#### B. Risk Factors

## Scheme specific risk factors

#### • Risk associated with Fixed Income and Money Market Instruments:

#### Interest - Rate Risk

Fixed Income and Money Market Instruments run interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rate falls, the prices increase. The extent of rise or fall in the price is a function of existing coupon, days to maturity, increase or decrease in the level of interest, credit quality, demand and supply. However, in case of Government securities credit risk remains zero, their prices are influenced by the movement in interest rates in the financial system.

In the case of floating rate instruments, an additional risk could arise because of the changes in the spreads of floating rate instruments. With the increase in the spread of floating rate instruments, the price can fall and with decrease in spread of floating rate instruments, the prices can rise. Moreover, the floating rate instruments having a periodical interest rate reset carry lower interest rate risk compared to a fixed rate debt security. However, in the falling interest rate scenario, the returns on floating rate debt instruments may not be better than those on fixed rate debt instruments.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk or default risk refers to the risk that the issuer of a fixed income security may default on interest payment or even in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even where no default occurs, the price of a security may be affected because of change in the credit rating of the issuer/instrument and the price of a security goes down if the credit rating agency downgrades the rating of the issuer. In case of Government securities, there is minimal credit risk to that extent.

Different types of securities in which the Scheme would invest carry different types and levels of risk. Lower rated or unrated securities are more likely to react to developments affecting the market and credit risk than the highly rated securities which react primarily to movements in the general level of interest rates. Lower rated or unrated securities also tend to be more sensitive to economic conditions than higher rated securities.

## Liquidity or Marketability Risk

This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation i.e. yield-to maturity (YTM). The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and offer price quoted by a dealer.

Fixed income securities can be either listed on any stock exchange or may be unlisted. Moreover, the securities that are listed on the stock exchange carry lower liquidity risk, but the ability to sell these securities is limited by the overall trading volumes and may lead to the Scheme incurring losses till the security is finally sold. Further, different segments of Indian financial markets have different settlement cycles and may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances.

Even though the Government securities market is more liquid compared to other debt instruments, on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through.

While money market instruments are fairly liquid but lack a well developed secondary market, and hence may restrict the ability of the Scheme to sell such instruments.

Securities which are not quoted on the stock exchange(s) may be illiquid and can carry higher liquidity risk in comparison with securities which are listed on the stock exchange(s) and offer exit option to the investor including put option. The Scheme would invest in the securities which are not listed but offer attractive yields. This may however increase the risk of the portfolio.

#### **Re-investment Risk**

This refers to the interest rate risk at which the intermediate cash flows received from the securities in the Scheme including maturity proceeds are reinvested. Investments in fixed income securities may carry reinvestment risk as interest rates prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the debt security. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.

### • Risk Factor associated with investing in Securities Segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement

Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. ('CCIL') is providing clearing and settlement services, for Triparty Repo trades in Government Securities, under its Securities Segment. CCIL would act as a Central Counterparty to all the borrow and lend Triparty Repo trades received by it for settlement. CCIL would also be performing the role responsibilities of Triparty Repo Agent, in terms of Repurchase transactions (Repo) (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2018 as amended from time to time. CCIL would settle the Triparty Repo trades, in terms of its Securities Segment Regulations.

The funds settlement of members is achieved by multilateral netting of the funds position in Triparty Repo with the funds position in Outright and Market Repo and settling in the books of RBI for members who maintain an RBI Current Account. In respect of other members, funds settlement is achieved in the books of Settlement Bank. Securities settlement for Triparty Repo trades shall be achieved in the Gilt Account of the Member maintained with CCIL. Securities obligation for outright and market repo trades shall be settled in the SGL / CSGL account of the Member with RBI.

Invesco Mutual Fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the CCIL. Since all transactions of the Fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL, it reduces the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments.

To mitigate the potential losses arising in case any member defaults in settling the transactions routed through CCIL, CCIL maintains a Default Fund. CCIL shall maintain two separate Default Funds in respect of its securities segment, one to meet the losses airing out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty Repo trades.

In case any clearing member fails to honor his settlement obligations, the Default Fund is utilized to complete the settlement applying the Default Waterfall Sequence. As per the said waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and defaulter's contribution to default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution, if there is still a loss to be met, then contribution of non-defaulting members to Default Fund is utilized to meet the said loss.

The Scheme is subject to the risk of losing initial margin and contribution to Default Fund in the event of failure of any settlement obligation. Further the Scheme's contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

Further, CCIL periodically prescribes a list of securities eligible for contribution as collaterals by members. Presently, all Central Government Securities and Treasury Bills are accepted as collaterals by CCIL. The above risk factor may undergo a change in case the CCIL notifies securities other than Government of India Securities as eligible for contributions as collateral.

#### • Risk Factor associated with investing in Tier I and Tier II Bonds:

## Tier I and Tier II Bonds are unsecured and the RBI prescribes certain restrictions in relation to the terms of these Bonds:

Tier I and Tier II bonds are unsecured in nature. The claims of the Bondholders shall (i) be subordinated to the claims of all depositors and general creditors of the Bank; (ii) neither be secured nor covered by any guarantee of the Issuer or its related entity or other arrangement that legally or economically enhances the seniority of the claim vis-a-vis creditors of the Bank; (iii) Unless the terms of any subsequent issuance of

bonds/debentures by the Bank specifies that the claims of such subsequent bond holders are senior or subordinate to the Bonds issued under the Disclosure Document or unless the RBI specifies otherwise in its guidelines, the claims of the Bondholders shall be pari passu with claims of holders of such subsequent debentures/bond issuances of the Bank; (iv) rank pari passu without preference amongst themselves and other subordinated debt eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 / Tier 2 Capital as the case may be. The Bonds are not redeemable at the option of the Bondholders or without the prior consent of RBI.

The Bonds (including all claims, demands on the Bonds and interest thereon, whether accrued or contingent) are issued subject to loss absorbency features applicable for non-equity capital instruments issued in terms of Basel III Guidelines including in compliance with the requirements of Annex 5 thereof and are subject to certain loss absorbency features as described in bond prospectus and required of Tier 1 / Tier 2 instruments at the Point of Non Viability as provided for in Annex 16 of the aforesaid Basel III Guidelines as amended from time to time.

The Bonds are essentially non-equity regulatory instruments, forming part of a Bank's capital, governed by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) guidelines. These instruments have certain unique features which, inter-alia, grant the issuer (i.e. banks, in consultation with RBI) a discretion in terms of writing down the principal / interest, to skip interest payments, to make an early recall etc. without commensurate right for investors to legal recourse, even if such actions of the issuer might result in potential loss to investors. Payment of coupon on the Bonds is subject to the terms of Information Memorandum, including Coupon Discretion, Dividend Stopper Clause, Loss Absorption as contained in the Information Memorandum. The Bonds are subject to loss absorption features as per the guidelines prescribed by RBI.

# There may be no active market for the Bonds on the platform of the Stock Exchanges. As a result, the liquidity and market prices of the Bonds may fail to develop and may accordingly be adversely affected:

There is no assurance that a trading market for the Bonds will exist and no assurance as to the liquidity of any trading market. Although an application will be made to list the Bonds on the NSE and/or BSE, there can be no assurance that an active market for the Bonds will develop, and if such a market were to develop, there is no obligation on the issuer to maintain such a market. The liquidity and market prices of the Bonds can be expected to vary with changes in market and economic conditions, financial condition and prospects and other factors that generally influence market price of such instruments. Such fluctuations may significantly affect the liquidity and market price of the Bonds, which may trade at a discount to the price at which one purchases these Bonds.

## Issuer is not required to and will not create or maintain a Debenture Redemption Reserve (DRR) for the Bonds issued under this Disclosure Document:

As per the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended, no Debenture Redemption Reserve is required to be created by Banking Companies issuing debentures.

## There is no assurance that the Tier I / Tier II bonds will not be downgraded:

The Rating agencies, which rate the Bonds, have a slightly different rating methodology for Tier I and Tier II bonds. In the event of deterioration of the financial health of the Issuer or due to other reasons, the rating of the Bonds may be downgraded whilst the ratings of other bonds issued by the issuer may remain constant. In such a scenario, for Tier I and Tier II Bond holders may incur losses on their investment.

#### • Risk Factors Associated with repo transaction in Corporate Debt Securities

Counterparty Risk: This refers to the inability of the seller to meet the obligation to buy back securities at the contracted price. Fund Manager will endeavor to manage counterparty risk by dealing only with counterparties having strong credit profiles assessed through in-house credit analysis and / or with entities regulated by SEBI/RBI/IRDA. In the event of default by the repo counterparty, the Scheme will have recourse to the corporate debt securities given as collateral to recover the investment by selling the collateral in the market. However, selling of collateral will also be subject to liquidity risk in the market and the Scheme may incur impact cost at the time of selling the collateral.

**Collateral Risk:** Collateral risk arises when the market value of the securities is inadequate to meet the repo obligations or there is downward migration in rating of collateral. Further if the rating of collateral goes below the minimum required rating during the term of repo or collateral becomes ineligible for any reason,

counterparty will be expected to substitute the collateral. In case of failure to do so, IAMI / Schemes of the Fund will explore the option for early termination of the trade.

## Risks associated with investing in Foreign Securities

Subject to necessary approvals, the Scheme may also invest in overseas financial assets as permitted under the applicable regulations. The value of an investment in foreign securities may depend on general global economic factors or specific economic and political factors relating to the country or countries in which the foreign issuer operates. To the extent the assets of the Scheme are invested in overseas financial asset, there may be risk associated with fluctuation in foreign exchange rates, restriction on repatriation of capital and earnings under the exchange control regulations and transaction procedure in overseas market. The repatriation of capital to India may also be hampered by changes in regulations concerning exchange controls, political circumstances, bi-lateral conflicts or prevalent tax laws.

Investment in foreign securities carries currency risk. Currency risk is a form of risk that arises from the change in price of one currency against other. The exchange risk associated with a foreign denominated instrument is a key element in foreign investment. This risk flows from differential monetary policy and growth in real productivity, which results in differential inflation rates. The risk arises because currencies may move in relation to each other.

#### • Risks associated with Investing in Derivatives

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies. The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. The use of a derivative requires an understanding not only of the underlying instrument but also of the derivative itself. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast price or interest rate movements correctly.

Other risks include risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of the derivative to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices, illiquidity risk whereby the Scheme may not be able to sell or purchase derivative quickly enough at a fair price.

#### • Risks associated with Investing in Securitised Debt

The Scheme may invest in securitized debt such as asset backed securities (ABS) or mortgage backed securities (MBS). ABS are backed by other assets such as credit card, automobile or consumer loan receivables, retail loan installment or participations in pools of leases. Credit support for these securities may be based on the underlying assets and/or provided through credit enhancements by a third party. The values of these securities are sensitive to changes in the credit quality of the underlying collateral, the credit strength of the credit enhancement, changes in interest rates and at times the financial condition of the issuer. MBS is an asset backed security whose cash flows are backed by the principal and interest payments of a set of mortgage loans. In the case of mortgage backed securities, these loans are usually first mortgages on residential properties. With asset backed securities, the loans might be credit card receivables, auto loans and leases or home equity loans. As the underlying loans are paid off by the borrowers, the investors in MBS/ABS receive payments of interest and principal over time.

MBS, particularly home loan transactions, are subject to interest-rate risk and prepayment risk. A change in interest rates can affect the pace of payments on the underlying loans, which in turn, affects total return on the securities. ABS also carries credit or default risks. If many borrowers on the underlying loans default, losses could exceed the credit enhancement level and result in losses to investors in an ABS transaction. ABS has structure risk due to a unique characteristic known as early amortization or early payout risk.

MBS carry interest rate risk. Maturity is a moving target with these securities. Depending on what happens to interest rates after issuing the MBS, the maturity of the bond could shorten or lengthen dramatically. This is because homeowners are allowed to refinance their mortgages as decline in interest rates encourages many

homeowners to refinance their mortgages. Whereas rise in interest rates causes homeowners to hold on to their mortgages longer. This will extend the originally estimated maturity dates of MBS.

ABS and MBS are also subject to prepayment risk. When purchasing an MBS, investors usually calculate some degree of prepayment into their pricing. However, if prepayment happens unexpectedly or faster than predicted, it may result in reduced actual duration as compared to the expected duration of the paper at the time of purchase, which may adversely impact the portfolio yield.

The yield-to-maturity of such securities cannot be known for certain at the time of purchase since the cash flows are not known. When principal is returned early, future interest payments will not be paid on that part of the principal. If the bond was purchased at a premium, the bond's yield will be less than what was estimated at the time of purchase.

The credit enhancement stipulated represents a limited loss cover to the investors. These certificates represent an undivided beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and do not represent an obligation of either the issuer or the seller or the originator, or the parent or any affiliate of the seller, issuer and originator. No financial recourse is available to the certificate holders against the investors' representative. Delinquencies and credit losses may cause depletion of the amount available under the credit enhancement and thereby the investor payouts to the certificate holders may get affected if the amount available in the credit enhancement facility is not enough to cover the shortfall. On persistent default of an obligor to repay his obligation, the servicer may repossess and sell the asset. However many factors may affect, delay or prevent the repossession of such asset or the length of time required to realise the sale proceeds on such sales. In addition, the price at which such asset may be sold may be lower than the amount due from that obligor.

These securities also carry risk associated with the collection agent. With respect to the certificates, the servicer will deposit all payments received from the obligors into the collection account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a servicer and depositing the same into the collection account especially considering that some of the collections may be in the form of cash. In this interim period, collections from the loan agreements may not be segregated from other funds of originator. If originator in its capacity as servicer fails to remit such funds due to investors, the investors may be exposed to a potential loss.

#### • Risks associated with Securities Lending

As with other modes of extensions of credit, there are risks inherent to securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of the agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure can result in the possible loss of rights to the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The Scheme may not be able to sell such lent securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity.

## • Risks associated with Short Selling

The Schemes may enter into short selling transactions, subject to SEBI and RBI Regulations. Short positions carry the risk of losing money and these losses may grow unlimited theoretically if the price of the stock increases without any limit. This may result in major loss to the Scheme. At times, the participants may not be able to cover their short positions, if the price increases substantially. If numbers of short sellers try to cover their position simultaneously, it may lead to disorderly trading in the stock and thereby can briskly escalate the price even further making it difficult or impossible to liquidate short position quickly at reasonable prices. In additions, short selling also carries the risk of inability to borrow the security by the participants thereby requiring the participants to purchase the securities sold short to cover the position even at unreasonable prices.

#### • Risk Factors associated with investments in REITs and InvITs

• Market Risk: REITs and InvITs Investments are volatile and subject to price fluctuations on a daily basis owing to factors impacting the underlying assets. AMC / Fund Manager's will do the necessary due diligence but actual market movements may be at variance with the anticipated trends.

- Liquidity Risk: As the liquidity of the investments made by the Scheme could, at times, be restricted
  by trading volumes, settlement periods, dissolution of the trust, potential delisting of units on the
  exchange etc., the time taken by the Mutual Fund for liquidating the investments in the scheme may be
  high in the event of immediate redemption requirement. Investment in such securities may lead to
  increase in the scheme portfolio risk.
- Reinvestment Risk: Investments in REITs & InvITs may carry reinvestment risk as there could be repatriation of funds by the Trusts in form of buyback of units or dividend pay-outs, etc. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested in assets providing lower returns.
- Regulatory/Legal Risk: REITs and InvITs being new asset classes, rights of unit holders such as right to information etc. may differ from existing capital market asset classes under Indian Law.

#### • Risks associated with investing in SO Rated Papers

In addition to all the risks associated with the plain vanilla instruments like NCDs / Money market instruments etc., any instrument rated with the suffix (SO) is subject to certain additional risks like:

- Underlying loan pools in case of SO rated securities can be of varying types and nature. SO securities
  are rated and assessed based on assumption around homogeneity of the underlying loan pools. In
  certain cases, the loan pools can show behavioral characteristics which are very different from initial
  assumptions and as such increase the credit risks inherent in the transaction. Additionally, the loan
  pools may have pre-payments which can increase the interest rate risk in the securities.
- In case of SO rated securities, the structure of the transaction carries comingling risk and risk of the servicer of the transaction. As such, legal clauses and structural features are very important in addition to issuer credit risk since lack of sufficient structural protection can cause leakage of cash and / or security being available for investors.
- SO rated securities are complex structures with a variety of credit enhancements. Debt securities lack
  a well-developed secondary market in India, and due to structured nature of SO securities, the liquidity
  in the market for these instruments is limited compared to similar rated normal debt instruments. Thus,
  lower secondary market liquidity in such instruments could cause challenges in timely selling by the
  scheme. Additionally due to limited liquidity, schemes may incur higher impact costs when such
  instruments are traded due to wider bid-offer spreads.

## • Additional risks associated with the CE rated papers

In addition to all the risks associated with the plain vanilla instruments like NCDs / Money market instruments etc., any instrument rated with the suffix (CE) is exposed to various additional risks on the basis of the explicit underlying Credit enhancement (CE) from a third party/ parent/ group company, in the form of corporate guarantee/ letter of comfort/ pledge of shares etc. The risk involved are:

- if the Credit Enhancement is in the form of Corporate Guarantee / Letter of Comfort, then there is a legal risk of enforcing the Corporate Guarantee / Letter of Comfort along with the credit risk pertaining to the Credit Enhancement provider.
- If the Credit Enhancement is in the form of pledge of shares, then the additional risks are those associated with equity price movement, share collateral cover, liquidity of shares pledged as collateral in the secondary market, availability of free shares with the CE provider to be provided as additional collateral. Further there is also a legal risk of enforcing the pledge of shares, operational risk in selling the shares in secondary market & the underlying impact cost.
- If the Credit Enhancement is in any other form, then there is a risk pertaining to legal enforceability of the credit enhancement and credit risk of the credit enhancement provider.

#### Risk associated with investing in Corporate Debt Market Development Fund (CDMDF)

In accordance with the requirement of Regulation 43A of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 read with para 16A.2 of SEBI Master circular dated June 27, 2024 on Investment by Mutual Fund Schemes in units of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund, the Scheme shall invest 25 bps of its AUM as on December 31, 2022 in the units of the Corporate Debt Market Development Fund ('CDMDF'). An incremental contribution to CDMDF shall be made every six months to ensure 25 bps of scheme AUM is invested in units of CDMDF. However, if AUM decreases there shall be no return or redemption from CDMDF. Contribution made to CDMDF, including the appreciations on the same, if any, shall be locked-in till winding up of the CDMDF.

#### • Risks associated with segregated portfolio

- a) Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer.
- b) Security(ies) held in segregated portfolio may not realize any value.
- c) Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognized stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV.

## C. Risk Mitigation Strategies

Type of Risk	Risk Mitigation Measures				
Volatility	By controlling class / sector / issuer exposures in debt & money market instruments to				
	control overall portfolio volatility.				
Concentration	on By investing in various debt instruments such as corporate and PSU bonds, TREPS / Repo				
	and money market instruments of various issuers which will be from different				
	industries/sectors.				
Liquidity					
	in the secondary market. Staggered maturity profile in the portfolio to take care of				
	liquidity. Dynamic monitoring of liquidity depending on the interest rate view.				
Credit Risk	The internal credit scoring model to identify appropriate credits will be predominantly				
	used by the Scheme for identifying the securities. Moreover, the external credit ratings of				
	all the assets will be of investment grade or better. The internal credit assessment t				
	will actively monitor the changing credit profile of all invested credits.				

#### II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME:

#### A. Where will the scheme invest

The corpus of the Scheme will be predominantly invested in Debt and Money Market Instruments, such that the Macaulay duration of the portfolio is between 3 years to 4 years, which will include but not limited to:

- 1. Certificate of Deposits (CDs) is a negotiable money market instrument issued by scheduled commercial banks and select all-India Financial Institutions that have been permitted by the RBI to raise short term resources. The minimum denomination of CD should be Rs. 1 Lac and in multiples of Rs. 1 Lac thereafter. The maturity period of CDs issued by the Banks is between 7 days to one year, whereas, in case of FIs, maturity is between one year to 3 years from the date of issue. CDs may be issued at a discount to face value. Banks/ FIs cannot buy back their own CDs before maturity.
- 2. Commercial Paper (CPs) is an unsecured negotiable money market instrument issued in the form of a promissory note, generally issued by the corporates, primary dealers and all India Financial Institutions as an alternative source of short term borrowings. They are issued at a discount to the face value as may be determined by the issuer. CP is traded in secondary market and can be freely bought and sold before maturity.
- 3. Treasury Bills (T-Bills) are issued by the Government of India to meet their short term borrowing requirements. T-Bills are issued for maturities of 91 days, 182 days and 364 days. T-bills are issued at a discount to their face value and redeemed at par.
- 4. Tri-party Repo means a repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction.
- 5. Non-convertible debentures as well as bonds are securities issued by companies / institutions promoted / owned by the Central or State governments and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State government guarantee, public and private sector banks, All India Financial Institutions, private sector companies. These instruments may be secured against the assets of the company or unsecured and generally issued to meet the short term and long term fund requirements. Rate of interest on such instruments would depend upon spread over corresponding government security, perceived risk, rating, tenor etc. These instruments include fixed interest security

- with/without put/call option, floating rate bonds, zero coupon bonds. Frequency of the interest payment could be either monthly/quarterly/half-yearly or annually.
- 6. Floating rate debt instruments are debt instruments issued by Central government, State government, corporates, PSUs etc. with coupon reset periodically. The periodicity of reset could be daily, monthly, quarterly, half yearly and annually or any other periodicity as may be mutually agreed between the issuer and the Fund. The fund manager will have the flexibility to invest the debt component into floating rate debt securities in order to reduce the impact of rising interest rate in the economy.
- 7. Repo (Repurchase Agreement) or Reverse Repo is a transaction in which two parties agree to sell and purchase the same security with an agreement to purchase or sell the same security at a mutually decided future date and price. The transaction results in collateralized borrowing or lending of funds. When the seller sells the security with an agreement to repurchase it, it is Repo transaction whereas from the perspective of buyer who buys the security with an agreement to sell it at a later date, it is reverse repo transaction. Presently in India, G-Secs, State government securities, T-Bills and corporate debt securities are eligible for Repo/Reverse Repo. The Scheme will also participate in repo in corporate debt securities.
- 8. Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments as may be permitted by RBI, securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills). Special securities issued by the Government of India to entities like Oil Marketing Companies, Fertilizer Companies, the Food Corporation of India, etc. (popularly called oil bonds, fertilizer bonds and food bonds respectively) and special securities issued by the State Government under "Ujwal DISCOM Assurance Yojana (UDAY) Scheme for Operational and Financial Turnaround of Power Distribution Companies (DISCOMs)" notified by Ministry of Power vide Office Memorandum (No 06/02/2015-NEF/FRP) dated November 20, 2015, (popularly called as UDAY Bonds). Central Government Securities are sovereign debt obligations of the Government of India with zero-risk of default and issued on its behalf by RBI. They form part of Government's annual borrowing programme and are used to fund the fiscal deficit along with other short term and long term requirements. Such securities could be fixed rate, fixed interest rate with put/call option, zero coupon bond, floating rate bonds, capital indexed bonds, fixed interest security with staggered maturity payment etc.
- 9. Securitized Assets: Securitization is a structured finance process which involves pooling and repackaging of cash-flow producing financial assets into securities that are then sold to investors. They are termed as Asset Backed Securities (ABS) or Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS). ABS are backed by other assets such as credit card, automobile or consumer loan receivables, retail installment loans or participations in pools of leases. Credit support for these securities may be based on the underlying assets and/or provided through credit enhancements by a third party. MBS is an asset backed security whose cash flows are backed by the principal and interest payments of a set of mortgage loans. Such mortgage could be either residential or commercial properties. ABS/MBS instrument reflect the undivided interest in the underlying assets and do not represent the obligation of the issuer of ABS/MBS or the originator of underlying receivables. Third category of the securitized assets can also be in the form of securitization of future fixed receivables under a service contract. Securitization often utilizes the services of Special Purpose Vehicle.
- 10. Pass Through Certificate (PTC) represents beneficial interest in an underlying pool of cash flows. These cash flows represent dues against single or multiple loans originated by the sellers of these loans. PTCs may be backed, but not exclusively, by receivables of personal loans, car loans, two wheeler loans and other assets subject to applicable regulations.
- 11. Debt Instruments with special features viz. subordination to equity (absorbs losses before equity capital) and /or convertible to equity upon trigger of a pre-specified event for loss absorption. Additional Tier I bonds and Tier 2 bonds issued under Basel III framework are some instruments which may have above referred special features.
- 12. Debt Instruments having Structured Obligation (SO rating) and / or Credit Enhancements (CE rating)

- 13. Derivative Instrument like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreement and such other derivative instruments as may be permitted under the Regulations.
  - a). Interest Rate Swap An Interest Rate Swap (IRS) is a financial contract between two parties exchanging or swapping a stream of interest payments for a "notional principal" amount on multiple occasions during a specified period. Such contracts generally involve exchange of a "fixed to floating" or "floating to fixed rate" of interest. Accordingly, on each payment date that occurs during the swap period, cash payments based on fixed/ floating and floating rates are made by the parties to one another.
  - b). Forward Rate Agreement A Forward Rate Agreement (FRA) is a financial contract between two parties to exchange interest payments for a 'notional principal' amount on settlement date, for a specified period from start date to maturity date. Accordingly, on the settlement date, cash payments based on contract (fixed) and the settlement rate, are made by the parties to one another. The settlement rate is the agreed benchmark/reference rate prevailing on the settlement date.
- 14. Clearcorp Repo Order Matching System (CROMS) is a Straight Through Processing (STP) enabled anonymous Order Matching Platform launched by Clearcorp Dealing Systems (India) Ltd. for facilitating dealing in Market Repos in all kinds of Government Securities. It enables dealing in two kinds of Repos (1) Basket and (2) Special Repos. Building on the internationally popular Standard Repo Model, Basket Repos enables dealing in baskets wherein repoable securities have been classified based on instrument type, liquidity and outstanding tenor and clustered together. While borrowers can raise funds through a Basket Repo against any of security forming part of the concerned basket, the lender is assured that it would receive only any of the securities forming part of the concerned basket. Details of security allocated are known to both counterparties post trade. As for Special Repos, which is the conventional repo, both borrower and lender are aware of the underlying security against which deal is sought to be concluded. CROMS provides better transparency, repo rate discovery and operational efficiency.
- 15. Cash Management Bills (CMB) are issued by Government of India to meet the temporary cash flow mismatches of the Government. CMBs are non-standard, discounted instruments issued for maturities less than 91 days. CMBs are issued at discount to the face value through auctions. The settlement of the auction will be on T+1 basis.
- 16. Bills Rediscounting.
- 17. Non-Convertible Preference Shares (NCPS) as they are treated as Debt instruments pursuant to para 12.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.
- 18. "REIT" or "Real Estate Investment Trust" shall have the meaning assigned in clause (zm) of subregulation 1 of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Real Estate Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014. REITs are companies that own and lease out commercial or residential real estate. The rental incomes from the properties are shared among REIT investors, who are allotted units. These units are tradeable on exchanges.
- 19. "InvIT" or "Infrastructure Investment Trust" shall have the meaning assigned in clause (za) of subregulation (1) of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014. InvITs are similar to REITs, except these own infrastructure assets not real estate.
- 20. Corporate Debt Market Development Fund ('CDMDF') as a backstop facility: CDMDF is set up as a scheme of the Trust registered as an Alternative Investment Fund ('AIF') in accordance with the SEBI (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012 ("AIF Regulations"). The objective of the CDMDF is to help to develop the corporate debt market by providing backstop facility to instill confidence amongst the market participants in the corporate debt/bond market during times of market dislocation and to enhance the secondary market liquidity. In times of market dislocation, CDMDF shall purchase and hold eligible corporate debt securities from the participating investors (i.e., specified debt-oriented MF schemes to begin with) and sell as markets recover. The CDMDF will thus act as a key enabler for facilitating liquidity in the corporate debt market and to respond

quickly in times of market dislocation. The trigger and period for which the backstop facility will be open shall be as decided by SEBI. Thus, this backstop facility will help fund managers of the Scheme to better generate liquidity during market dislocation to help the schemes fulfill liquidity obligations under stress situation.

For detailed write up on CDMDF Framework, please refer SAI

- Any other debt scheme of Invesco Mutual Fund or of any other mutual fund provided such
  investment is in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme. Such investment will be
  subject to limits specified under SEBI Regulations and AMC will not be entitled to charge
  management fees on such investments.
- Any foreign fixed income security / debt instrument as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI from time to time
- Pending deployment of funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the funds may be
  parked in short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to guidelines and limits
  specified by SEBI.
- Any other securities as permitted by SEBI/RBI from time to time. Investment in such any other securities will be subject to complying with the regulatory requirements as may be prescribed by SEBI / RBI.

The Scheme may invest upto 5% of its net assets in unrated debt and money market instruments subject to conditions that such investments can be made only in such instruments, including bills rediscounting (BRDS)\*, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in MF Regulations & various circulars issued thereunder. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC & Trustee.

\* Para 12.1.5.e of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 has provided that the single issuer limit and the group exposure limit shall be calculated at the issuing bank level. Further, investment in BRDS shall be considered as exposure to financial services sector for the purpose of sector exposure limits.

The securities / instruments mentioned above and such other securities the Scheme is permitted to invest in could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity. The securities may be acquired through initial public offering (IPOs), secondary market, private placement, rights offers, negotiated deals. Further investments in debentures, bonds and other fixed income securities will be those instruments which have been assigned investment grade rating by the credit rating agency.

The Scheme may also invest in suitable investment avenues in foreign debt securities in overseas financial markets for the purpose of diversification, commensurate with the Scheme objectives and subject to necessary stipulations by SEBI / RBI. Towards this end, the Mutual Fund may also appoint overseas investment advisors and other service providers, as and when permissible under the regulations. The Scheme may, with the approval of SEBI / RBI invest in:

- Foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies
- Money market instruments rated not below investment grade
- Repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade; repos should not however, involve any borrowing of funds by mutual funds
- Government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade
- Derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities.
- Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade.
- Units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in (a) aforesaid securities, or (b) unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of their net assets).

Note: The Scheme will not invest in foreign securitized debt.

On an ongoing basis, the AMC is allowed to invest in overseas securities upto 20% of the average Asset Under Management ('AUM') in overseas securities of the previous three calendar months subject to maximum limit mentioned above at Fund house level. Para 12.19.1.3.c. and 12.19.1.3.d of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 has clarified that the aforesaid 20% limit for ongoing investment in overseas securities will be soft limit for purpose of reporting only on a monthly basis to SEBI.

As per para 12.19.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the limits applicable for investment in overseas securities at Fund House level are as follows:

- Overseas Securities: Maximum of US \$1 billion within the overall industry limit of US \$ 7 billion or such limits as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
- Overseas ETFs: Maximum of US \$300 million Fund within the overall industry limit of US \$ 1 billion or such limits as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Subject to the approval of RBI / SEBI and conditions as may be prescribed by them, the Mutual Fund may open one or more foreign currency accounts abroad either directly, or through the custodian/sub-custodian, to facilitate investments and to enter into/deal in forward currency contracts, currency futures, interest rate futures / swaps, currency options for the purpose of hedging the risks of assets of a portfolio or for its efficient management.

## **Debt and Money Markets in India**

The Indian debt market is today one of the largest in Asia and includes securities issued by the Government (Central & State governments), public sector undertakings, other government bodies, financial institutions, banks and corporates. Government and public sector enterprises are the predominant borrowers in the markets. The major players in the Indian debt markets today are banks, financial institutions, mutual funds, insurance companies, primary dealers, trusts, pension funds, foreign portfolio investors and corporates.

The Indian debt market is the largest segment of the Indian financial markets. The debt market comprises broadly two segments, viz., Government Securities Market or G-Sec Market and Corporate Debt Market. The latter is further classified as Market for PSU Bonds and Private Sector Bonds. The Government Securities (G-Secs + T-bills) market, with market capitalization of Rs. 1,15,02,544.34 crores as on November 12, 2024 (Source: RBI), is the oldest and the largest component of the Indian debt market in terms of market capitalization, outstanding securities and trading volumes. The outstanding dated securities of the Government of India is Rs. 1,07,61,608.34 Crores as on November 12, 2024 (Source - RBI). The G-Secs market plays a vital role in the Indian economy as it provides the benchmark for determining the level of interest rates in the country through the yields on the government securities which are referred to as the riskfree rate of return in any economy. Over the years, there have been new products introduced by the RBI like zero coupon bonds, floating rate bonds, inflation indexed bonds, Cash Management Bills etc. Apart from these instruments, there has been a significant demand in the STRIPS (Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities) of the Government Securities. Current outstanding amount of such STRIPS instruments is Rs. 6,95,069.79 Cr as on November 21, 2024 (Source - RBI). State Government Securities (SGS) through which State Governments borrow to fund their fiscal deficit has also become of a prominent size with outstanding amount of Rs. 58,48,908.32 Cr as on November 13, 2024 (Source – RBI) The corporate bond market, in the sense of private corporate sector raising debt through public issuance in capital market, is only an insignificant part of the Indian debt market. However, recently there was a significant increase in corporate bond issuances, particularly since it is at a more attractive rate than bank financing. The total traded volume in corporate bonds during April 2023 - March 2024 was Rs. 13,73,394.02 Crores vis-à-vis Rs. 13,57,109.98 Crores during April 2022 - March 2023 (Source: SEBI). A large part of the issuance in the non-Government debt market is currently on private placement basis.

The money markets in India essentially consist of the call money market (i.e. market for overnight and term money between banks and institutions), repo transactions (temporary sale with an agreement to buy back the securities at a future date at a specified price), commercial papers (CPs, short term unsecured promissory notes, generally issued by corporates), certificate of deposits (CDs, issued by banks) and Treasury Bills (issued by RBI). In a predominantly institutional market, the key money market players are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, primary dealers and corporates.

In money market, activity levels of the Government and non-government debt vary from time to time. Instruments that comprise a major portion of money market activity include but not limited to:

- Overnight Call
- Tri-party Repo
- ➤ Repo/Reverse Repo Agreement
- > Treasury Bills
- ➤ Government Securities with a residual maturity of < 1 year.
- Commercial Paper
- Certificate of Deposit

Though not strictly classified as money market instruments, PSU / PFI /Corporate paper with a residual maturity of  $\leq 1$  year, are actively traded and offer a viable investment option.

The following table gives approximate yields prevailing on November 21, 2024 on some of the instruments. These yields are indicative and do not indicate yields that may be obtained in future as interest rates keep changing consequent to changes in macro-economic conditions and RBI policy.

Instrument	Current Yield (% p.a.)
Tri-party Repo	6.70
Reverse Repo	3.35
Repo	6.50
91 Day T-Bill	6.45
182 Day T-Bill	6.63
364 Day T-Bill	6.62
91 days CD	7.18
180 days CD	7.40
365 days CD	7.55
GOI Securities (10Years)	6.8329

**Source: Bloomberg** 

## Additional disclosures for investments in securitized debt:

#### 1. How the risk profile of securitized debt fits into the risk appetite of the Scheme

Securitized debt like any other fixed income asset class has its attendant risks like interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk etc. In our opinion, the primary risk with respect to securitized debt is the liquidity risk in addition to the underlying risk on the nature of the receivables. Any investment in securitized debt can fit into the risk appetite of the Scheme depending on the various factors like underlying credit risk on receivables, rating profile and the average tenor of the securitized debt.

## 2. Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc.

Originators have been broadly categorized as follows:

- i. PSU Banks;
- ii. Private Banks;
- iii. NBFC's with asset size of Rs. 5,000 crores and above;
- iv. NBFC's with asset size of below Rs. 5,000 crores; and
- v. Corporates.

Before the assessment of the structure is undertaken, the originators/ underlying issuers are evaluated on the following parameters:

- Track record a minimum of 5 years
- Willingness to pay credible promoters with a strong management team.
- Ability to pay strong financials
- Risk appraisal capabilities strong and well defined risk assessment processes
- Business risk assessment of the originators based on the following factors:
  - Outlook for the economy (domestic and global)

- Outlook for the industry
- Company specific factors
- Standalone long term credit rating not lower than "A+".

In addition, a detailed review and assessment is done including interactions with the company as well as the credit rating agency.

Some of the Critical Evaluation Parameters (for pool loan and single loan securitization transactions) regarding the originator / underlying issuer which would disqualify the structure would be:

- Default track record/ frequent alteration of redemption conditions / covenants;
- High leverage ratios of the ultimate borrower (for single-sell downs) both on a standalone basis as well on a consolidated level/ group level;
- Higher proportion of reschedulement of underlying assets of the pool or loan, as the case may be;
- Higher proportion of overdue assets of the pool or the underlying loan, as the case may be;
- Poor reputation in market;
- Insufficient track record of servicing of the pool or the loan, as the case may be;
- The degree of NPAs of the company being substantially higher than the industry trends.

#### 3. Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator

In the case of single loan PTCs as the entire risk is on the underlying originator, the underlying originator has to be duly approved by the internal credit team. Even for the pooled PTCs before assessing the underlying loan pool of any the originator, it is also required to be an approved credit with the AMC. This is so as to have a fair understanding of the way the company conducts its business as that has a very important bearing on the quality of underlying pool of loans and also because the originator services the pool. The long term credit rating and the originators relative position in the sector that it operates in, is also considered, so as to give a holistic understanding of the strength of the originator.

Some of the key factors looked at for ABS / MBS securitized debt, apart from the credit qualities of the originator are:

- The size and reach of the originator This is important as this helps in having a larger number of locations to choose from to create a pool of assets and thereby reduce concentration risk.
- The collection process, collection infrastructure and follow up mechanism a strong collection process in terms of a well-defined reporting structure within the collection team, a well-defined escalation process, experienced manpower help ensure that before a loan goes into write-off, every possible measure is undertaken to prevent a delinquency.
- The quality of the management information system (MIS) a strong MIS system helps in evaluating the quality of the loan pool as lack of extensive data hinders a comprehensive evaluation. It also helps the management of the company undertake remedial measures if they notice any sharp increase in NPA's, frauds etc. from a particular location, state, borrower segment etc. which in turn helps in protecting the portfolio quality of the pool.
- Type of originator the reach and systems and processes varies depending on the type of the originator and therefore it would have a bearing on the credit enhancement required.

## 4. The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

In the case of pool PTCs the level of diversification with respect to geography, loan to value, original tenure, seasoning and underlying mix of assets is not standardized and varies from originator to originator, the economic scenario and type of asset class.

Framework that will be applied while evaluating investment decision relating to a pool securitization transaction is as under:

Characteristics/Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan	Commercial Vehicle and Construction Equipment	CAR	2 Wheelers	Micro Finance Pools	Personal Loans	Single Sell Downs	Others
Approximate Average maturity (in Months)	Upto 10 years	Upto 3 years	Upto 3 years	Upto 3 years	12 months	12 months	NA	NA
Collateral margin (including cash, guarantees, excess interest spread, subordinate tranche)	>10%	>10%	>10%	>10%	>10%	>10%	NA	NA
Average Loan to Value Ratio	<95%	<90%	<90%	<90%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Average seasoning of the Pool	6-8 months	2-3 months	2-3 months	2-3 months	1-2 months	2-3 months	NA	NA
Maximum single exposure range	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	NA	NA
Average single exposure range %	<0.5%	<0.5%	<0.5%	<0.5%	<0.5%	<0.5%	NA	NA

Any relaxations in the above consideration parameters can be made on the basis of the overall credit assessment of the securitized debt.

Some of the risk mitigating measures used are as under. These would vary for different asset classes and would be based on interactions with each originator as well as the credit rating agency.

- A. Size of the loan
- B. Average original maturity of the pool
- C. Loan to Value Ratio
- D. Average seasoning of the pool
- E. Default rate distribution
- F. Geographical Distribution
- G. Credit enhancement facility
- H. Liquid facility
- I. Structure of the pool

## 5. Minimum retention period of the debt by originator prior to securitization

Issuance of securitized debt is governed by the Reserve Bank of India. The minimum holding period depends on the tenor of the securitization transaction. RBI has proposed minimum holding period of between nine and twelve months for assets before they can be securitized. The Scheme will invest in securitized debts that are compliant with the laws and regulations. In case of changes prescribed by the regulator at a later date, the scheme will comply with the said minimum retention period requirements.

### 6. Minimum retention percentage by originator of debts to be securitized

Issuance of securitized debt is governed by the Reserve Bank of India. The minimum retention requirement depends on the tenor and structure of the securitization transaction. RBI has proposed minimum retention requirement of between five and ten percent of the book value of the loans by the originator. The Fund will invest in securitized debts that are compliant with the laws and regulations. In case of changes prescribed by the regulator at a later date, the scheme will comply with the said minimum retention percentage requirements.

7. The mechanism to tackle conflict of interest when the mutual fund invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme of the fund

With respect to single loan PTCs, the AMC believes in doing a comprehensive credit appraisal of the underlying loan than the originator of the loan. If the underlying credit is found to be creditworthy and the interest rate is attractive, irrespective of whether the instrument is a single loan PTC or NCD/ CP issued by the company, the fund management team can invest in the securitized debt. The originator of the loan is seen more as a facilitator in the deal, earning their transaction margins.

In the case of pool PTCs, the fund management team will invest in the instrument after doing a comprehensive credit appraisal of the characteristics of the loan pool. Investment in the same will be based on the strength of the same with weightage being given to the originator.

The conflict of interest, if any, would be similar to that existing in case the investment made in the NCD or CP of the underlying company.

## 8. The resources and mechanism of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt

The AMC has credit analyst(s) analyzing credit risk on each investment. As an internal policy, fund manager can buy any instrument, only post approval of the credit from the Credit Analyst and within the limits set by the Credit Analyst. Clear segregation of independent credit analysis by Credit Analyst and subsequent investment by fund manager resolves conflict of interest. Credit Analysts also maintain separate internal notes on each individual securitized debt instrument - outlining underlying company / pool risks and mitigants for the same and balancing the same with resultant higher yields.

The credit analyst also monitors the performance of the company/pool and the credit rating assigned to the underlying assets as also the credit rating of originator.

## The following disclosure may also be given:

Wherever the Scheme portfolio is disclosed, the AMC will give a comprehensive disclosure of securitized debt instruments held. This would include the originator and underlying asset exposure by percentage, e.g. percentage of two wheeler loans in the pool, percentage of commercial vehicle loans in the pool etc.

#### Guidelines for participation in repo transactions in corporate debt securities

The Scheme shall participate in repo transactions in corporate debt securities subject to following guidelines:

#### A. Category and Credit Rating of Counterparty:

The Scheme will enter into repo transaction only with those counterparties which are rated AA and above and which are approved by Fixed Income team and with whom the Fund has approved credit limits. In case if counterparty has more than one rating from Credit Rating Agencies, then the most conservative publicly available rating would be considered.

## B. Eligible Collateral:

The Scheme will participate in repo transactions only in AAA or equivalent rated corporate debt securities and tenure of collateral shall not exceed 5 years residual maturity where the Scheme is lending. For repo transactions where the Scheme is borrowing, collateral rated AA and above will be eligible and no tenor restrictions will apply.

#### C. Tenor of Repo:

As per the current RBI guidelines, repo in corporate debt securities shall be undertaken for a minimum period of one day and a maximum period of one year.

Accordingly, where the Scheme is lending money in repo transaction, then the tenor of repo shall not exceed a period of one business day. Where the Scheme is borrowing money in repo transactions, then the tenor of transaction shall not exceed 6 (Six) months.

## D. Applicable Hair-Cut:

As per RBI guidelines, Collaterals shall be priced transparently at prevailing market prices, in the first leg of a repo. The price for the second leg shall be the price for the first leg of transaction plus interest.

Currently, RBI circular provides below guidelines on haircut / margins which will be decided either by the clearing house or may be bilaterally agreed upon, in terms of the documentation governing repo transactions:

- i) Listed corporate bonds and debentures shall carry a minimum haircut of 2% of market value. Additional haircut may be charged based on tenor and illiquidity of the security
- ii) CPs and CDs shall carry a minimum haircut of 1.5% of market value

Securities issued by a local authority shall carry a minimum haircut of 2% of market value. Additional haircut may be charged based on tenor and illiquidity of the security.

In terms of RBI guidelines, the repo transactions will be subject to following hair-cuts:

	Collateral Type	Minimu	ım Haircut
_	Collateral Residual Maturity	upto 1 year	1 year to 5 years
	AAA rated debt securities	3%	5%

The above are minimum hair-cut percentages and AMC may apply higher hair-cuts depending upon various factors i.e. residual maturity, counterparty, liquidity of collateral etc.

**Note:** The above guidelines for counterparty and hair-cuts are applicable only for transaction which are OTC trades. For Electronic Trading Platform ('ETP') and trades reported on Exchange, the guidelines as prescribed by the Exchange shall be applicable.

The Scheme will comply with para 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 with respect to investments in repo in corporate debt securities, as may be amended from time to time.

#### **B.** Investment Restrictions

Pursuant to Regulations, specifically the Seventh Schedule and amendments thereto, the following investment restrictions are currently applicable to the Scheme:

1 The Scheme shall adhere to following limits for investments in Debt and Money Market Instruments issued by a single issuer:

Credit Rating	Maximum Limit (% of net assets)
AAA	10
AA (including AA+ and AA-)	8
A (including A+) & below	6

The above limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the Scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit.

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and Triparty repo on Government Securities or treasury bills.

Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the SEBI.

The Scheme may invest upto 5% of its net assets in unrated debt and money market instruments other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. subject to conditions that such investments can be made only in such instruments, including bills re-discounting (BRDS)\*, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in MF Regulations & various circulars issued thereunder. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC & Trustee.

- \* Para 12.1.5.e of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 has provided that the single issuer limit and the group exposure limit shall be calculated at the issuing bank level. Further, investment in BRDS shall be considered as exposure to financial services sector for the purpose of sector exposure limits.
- A mutual fund scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities, other money market instruments and derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used by mutual funds for hedging.

Provided that Mutual Fund Schemes may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures up to a maximum of 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to such conditions as may be specified by the Board from time to time.

- 4 Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements:
  - I. The investment of the Scheme in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the schemes and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:
    - a) Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
    - Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

For the purpose of this provision, 'Group' shall have the same meaning as defined in para 12.9.3.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

- II. Investment limits as mentioned in point no. I shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Issue and Listing of Securitised Debt Instruments and Security Receipts) Regulations, 2008.
- III. Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares.
- The Scheme may invest in other debt schemes of the Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided the aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.
- 6 The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
  - a) any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
  - b) any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
  - the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- The total exposure of the Scheme in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank CDs, TREPS, G-Secs, T-Bills, and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. Further an additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 20%) not exceeding 10% of the net assets of the Scheme will be allowed by way of increase in exposure to AA and above rated securities issued by Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) registered with National Housing Bank. Further, an additional exposure of 5% of the net assets of the scheme will be allowed for investments in securitized debt instruments based on retail housing loan portfolio and/or affordable housing loan portfolio. The total investment/exposure in HFCs will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme.
- The total exposure of the Scheme in a Group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.

Further, limit for investment in debt and money market instruments of group companies of sponsor and AMC is 10% of the net assets of the scheme which can be extended to 15% with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.

- The Mutual Fund shall get the securities purchased transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- 10 Transfer of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund is permitted\* provided:
  - a) such transfers are done at the prevailing market price^ for quoted instruments on spot basis (spot basis shall have the same meaning as specified by a Stock Exchange for spot transactions); and
  - b) the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.

^Para 9.11 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024has prescribed the methodology for determination of price to be considered for inter-scheme transfers.

\*The Scheme shall comply with the guidelines for inter-scheme transfers as specified in para 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:

Provided that the Mutual Fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI.

Provided further that the Mutual Fund may enter into derivatives transactions on a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI.

Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

- 12 The Scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
- In terms of para 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the following additional restrictions shall be applicable to the Scheme w.r.t investment in derivatives:
  - i. The cumulative gross exposure through debt, fixed income derivative positions, repo transactions and credit default swaps in corporate debt securities, REITs, InvITs, other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approvals, if any, should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.
  - ii. The Scheme shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
  - iii. The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
  - iv. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. Point 67 of Policy Related emails issued by SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 has clarified that Cash Equivalent shall consist of Government Securities, T-Bills and Repo on Government Securities.
  - v. Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:
    - a) Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains.
    - b) Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point (i).
    - c) Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
    - d) The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.

- vi. The Scheme may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the Scheme. In case of participation in IRS is through over the counter transactions, the counter party has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI and exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. However, if mutual funds are transacting in IRS through an electronic trading platform offered by the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and CCIL is the central counterparty for such transactions guaranteeing settlement, the single counterparty limit of 10% shall not be applicable.
- vii. Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in point (i).
- 14 Pending deployment of the funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme, the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to the guidelines issued by para 12.16 as per SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024as may be amended from time to time:

The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits at all points of time:

- i. "Short Term" for such parking of funds by the Scheme shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
- ii. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees.
- iii. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- iv. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- v. The Scheme shall not park funds in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme. Further, the bank in which a scheme has short term deposit will not be allowed to invest in the Scheme till the Scheme has short term deposit with such bank.
- vi. The AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for funds parked in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

- 15 The Scheme shall not advance any loans.
- The Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase/redemption of Units or payment of interest and/or IDCW to the Unit holders. Provided that the Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months.
- 17 The Scheme will comply with following exposure limits while participating in repo in corporate debt securities or such other limits as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time:
  - The gross exposure to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10% of the net assets of the scheme.
    - Further the amount lent to counter-party under repo transaction in corporate debt securities will be included in single issuer debt instrument limit. However Repo transactions where the settlement is guaranteed by clearing corporation will not be considered for calculating single issuer, sector and group limits.
  - The cumulative gross exposure through debt, fixed income derivative positions, repo transactions and credit default swaps in corporate debt securities, REITs, InvITs, other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approvals, if any, should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.

- In case the Scheme borrows under repo in corporate debt securities, then such borrowing together with any other borrowing shall not exceed 20% of the net asset of that Scheme and tenor of borrowing shall not exceed six months.
- 18 The Scheme may invest upto 10% of net assets in REITs and InvITs, as permitted by SEBI from time to time subject to the following:
  - a. No mutual fund under all its schemes shall own more than 10% of units issued by a single issuer of REIT and InvIT; and
  - b. The scheme shall not invest
    - i. more than 10% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvIT; and
    - ii. more than 5% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvIT issued by a single issuer.
- 19 Pursuant to para 4.6 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the Scheme shall hold at least 10% of its net assets or such other percentage as calculated in accordance with Annexure 1 of AMFI Best Practices Circular dated July 24, 2021, whichever is higher, in liquid assets. In case the exposure of Scheme in such liquid assets / securities falls below the minimum percentage as mentioned above, then further investments will not be allowed till the requirement of minimum percentage to net assets is complied with.
- 20 Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments with special features:
  - Mutual Fund shall not own more than 10% of such instruments issued by a single issuer across all its schemes.
  - II. The investment of the Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments and not more than 5% of the debt portfolio will be deployed in such debt instruments issued by any single issuer. However, such investments limit shall be within the overall limit for debt instruments issued by a single issuer.

**Note:** Additional Tier I bonds and Tier II bonds issued under Basel III framework are some instruments which may have special features.

- As per AMFI Best Practice Circular dated July 26, 2024, the Scheme may invest in partly paid debentures only when payment of remaining amount is linked to clear, pre-defined events (i.e. is subject to conditions precedent) upto 5% of it's net assets. Further, the limit of 5% will not apply once partly paid debentures are fully paid up.
- 22 Exposure limits on Credit Default Swaps (CDS) Exposure through CDS (Notional amount of both CDS bought and sold) shall not exceed 10% of AUM of scheme and shall be within the overall limit of derivatives.

The Scheme will comply with the other Regulations applicable to the investments of Mutual Funds from time to time.

All the investment restrictions will be applicable at the time of making investments.

The AMC/Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the SEBI Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective.

## Liquidity risk management practices adopted by the AMC are as under:

Liquidity Management Tool	Brief Description	Practice Followed by AMC		
Potential	The maximum risk that a	Potential Risk Class Matrix		
Risk Matrix (PRC) & Risk-o-meter	scheme will run as per design and a measurement of that risk on a regular basis. Remedial measures in place in case any of the design boundaries are breached.	The Scheme has been classified under B-III cell of PRC Matrix in order to determine the maximum risk that a fund manager can take in the Scheme. PRC Matrix consists of parameters based on maximum interest rate risk (measured by Macaulay Duration of the Scheme) and maximum credit risk (measured by Credit Risk Value of the Scheme). The PRC Cell of the Scheme is also included in the type of		

Liquidity Management Tool	<b>Brief Description</b>	Practice Followed by AMC
		the Scheme. AMC monitors PRC of the Scheme regularly to ensure that the Scheme does not exceed maximum risk depicted by PRC. In case of any breach, remedial measures will be taken in accordance with the requirements of SEBI Circulars.
Liquidity Risk Management Framework and Risk Management Framework	Defines Liquidity Risk arising from the liability side and covers all potential liquidity risk scenarios upto 99% confidence interval and remedial measures both for managing this risk on an ongoing basis (LRaR & LCRaR) as well as action plan in case there is a difference between actual outcome and projected outcome.	Risk-o-meter Risk-o-meter in product label of the Scheme dynamically captures the actual risk taken by fund manager and consists of six levels of risk from low risk to very high risk. Risk-o-meter is evaluated on a monthly basis based on Scheme's portfolio holding and disclosed along with the portfolio disclosure. Any change in risk-o-meter is communicated by way addendum uploaded on the website of the fund and by way of email / SMS to the unitholders of the Scheme.  The Schemes will maintain adequate liquidity as required by the two liquidity ratios - Redemption at Risk (LRaR) and Conditional Redemption at Risk (LCRaR) at 100% of the requirements on a daily basis. However, to meet redemptions, the Scheme may have to periodically dip into their liquid assets which may result in the liquidity ratio dropping below the required threshold. In case the exposure in liquid assets / eligible securities falls below the threshold, then the net inflows in the Scheme will be first used to restore both the liquidity ratios to 100% of the requirements before making fresh purchases outside eligible assets. In case the ratios remain below 100% of the requirement for more than 15 consecutive days, then the information will be highlighted to Trustee on a weekly basis till such the ratios are restored to require levels.
		Both the above ratios (LRaR and LRCRaR) are reset at a monthly basis based on the immediate previous month's redemption.  Further, the back-testing analysis is carried out which involves capturing actual outflow data on a rolling 30-day basis for each day and comparing the same with the predicted outflow for that 30-day period Cases of breach of back-test are analyzed. In case of large
		number of back-test failure, the Trustee board shall recommend higher buffer to be applied to minimize the back-test failures in future.
Stress Testing Circular	Addresses the asset side risk from an Interest Rate, Credit and Liquidity Risk perspective at an aggregate portfolio level in terms of its impact on NAV.	Stress Testing is conducted at least on a monthly basis using common methodology to check the annualized impact on NAV of the scheme for each component of stress testing i.e. interest, credit, liquidity risk, Any breach of threshold of stress testing results shall be given cure period of 30 days. In case of any breach of the prescribed thresholds, remedial measures will be taken.
Swing Pricing Circular	In case of severe liquidity stress at an AMC level or a severe dysfunction at market level, the Swing Pricing guidelines get triggered which offers the contingency plan in case all else fails.	Swing Pricing Framework is applicable only in scenarios related to net outflows from the Schemes. Swing Pricing guidelines will get triggered in case of severe liquidity stress at an AMC level or in case of a severe dysfunction at market level. When swing pricing framework is triggered and swing factor is made applicable (in accordance with the disclosures made in the SID), applications of both the incoming and outgoing investors shall be processed at applicable NAV adjusted for swing factor.

## C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024:

## (i) Type of a Scheme

An open ended medium term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay duration<sup>^</sup> of the portfolio is between 3 years and 4 years. A relatively high interest rate risk and moderate credit risk.

### (ii) Investment Objective

To generate income by investing in a portfolio of Debt and Money Market Instruments such that the Macaulay duration of the portfolio is between 3 years and 4 years.

There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.

#### (iii) Investment Pattern:

Under normal circumstances, the indicative debt and/or money market instruments portfolio break-up with minimum and maximum asset allocation is as follows:

Instruments	Indicative Allocations (% of net assets)				
	Minimum	Maximum			
Debt (including government securities) and Money Market	0	100			
Instruments*					
Units issued by REITs and InvITs	0	10			

<sup>\*</sup>The portfolio shall have Macaulay duration between 3 years to 4 years.

However, the Fund Manager, in the interest of investors, may reduce the portfolio duration of the Scheme upto 1 year in case he has views on the interest rate movements in the light of anticipated adverse situation.

Under anticipated adverse circumstances, the asset allocation of the Scheme would be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative Allocations (% of net assets)			
	Minimum	Maximum		
Debt (including government securities) and Money Market	0	100		
Instruments*				
Units issued by REITs and InvITs	0	10		

<sup>\*</sup>The portfolio shall have Macaulay duration between 1 year to 4 years.

Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute. These proportions can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Fund Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive considerations only. The Fund Manager will restore asset allocation in line with the asset allocation pattern within 30 days. In case the portfolio is not re-balanced within 30 days, justification for the same shall be recorded in writing and will be placed before the investment committee. The investment committee will then decide on further course of action.

#### (iv) Terms of Issue

## • Liquidity provisions:

The Scheme being an open ended, the Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. However, the AMC/Trustee reserve the right to list the Units as and when the AMC/Trustee considers it necessary in the interest of Unit holders of the Scheme.

The Scheme offers Units for subscription and redemption at Applicable NAV on all Business Day on an ongoing basis.

## • Aggregate fees and expenses

Please refer to section 'Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses'.

## Any safety net or guarantee provided

The Scheme does not provide any safety net or guaranteed or assured returns.

Further, pursuant to Para 17.5.4 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, any change in the positioning of the Potential Risk Class ('PRC') Matrix cell of the Scheme into a PRC cell resulting in a risk (in terms of credit risk or duration risk) which is higher than the maximum risk specified for the chosen PRC (currently B-III) will be considered as a fundamental attribute change in terms of Regulation 18(15A) of the Regulations.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Option(s) there under or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Option(s) there under and affect the interests of Unit holders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unit holder and an
  advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in
  a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is
  situated; and
- The Unit holders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

Accordingly, after the approval of Trustee Board for changes in fundamental attributes of the Scheme, the proposal will be filed with SEBI seeking its comments. If SEBI does not raise any queries or suggest any modification to the proposal within 21 working days from the date of filing, then the proposal shall be deemed to have been take on record by SEBI.

#### D. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:

# Listing and transfer of units

The Scheme being an open-ended Scheme under which the Units are available for Subscription and Redemption on an ongoing basis on all the Business Days, the Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange.

However, the AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to list the Units of the Scheme as and when the AMC/ Trustee considers it necessary in the interest of Unit holders of the Scheme.

There are no restrictions on transfer of Units of the Scheme whether held in Statement of Account (physical / non-demat) mode or dematerialised mode. Units held in dematerialized form can be transferred and transmitted in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time and units held in Statement of Account (physical / non-demat) mode can be transferred in accordance with the AMFI Best Practices Guidelines Circular No.116/2024-25 dated August 14, 2024. For further details, please refer SAI.

Further, additions / deletions of names of Unit holders will not be allowed under any folio of the Scheme. However, the said provisions will not be applicable in case a person (i.e. a transferee) becomes a holder of the Units by operation of law or upon enforcement of pledge then the AMC shall, subject to production of such satisfactory evidence and submission of such documents, proceed to effect the transfer, if the intended transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units of the Scheme. Further, addition of names in the folio will be allowed under the following 2 (two) scenarios subject to compliance with AMFI Best Practices Guidelines Circular No.116/2024-25 dated August 14, 2024:

i. Surviving joint unitholder who wants to add new joint holder(s) in the folio upon demise of one or more joint unitholder(s).

ii. A minor unitholder, who has turned a major and has changed his / her status from minor to major, wants to add joint holder(s) in the folio.

For further details, please refer SAI.

The said provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of a Unit holder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission of Units and not transfer.

# Dematerialization of units

The Scheme offers option to hold units in electronic (demat) mode in addition to the account statement mode. Accordingly, the Units of the Scheme will be available in dematerialized (electronic) form. The option to hold units in electronic (demat) mode is not available for plans / options where the IDCW frequency is less than one month. The applicant intending to hold Units in dematerialized form or unit holders who wish to trade in units would be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form DP Name, DP ID and Beneficiary Account Number with the DP at the time of subscribing Units of the Schemes.

In case Unit holders do not provide their demat account details or the demat details provided in the application form are incomplete / incorrect or do not match with the details with the Depository records, the Units will be allotted in account statement mode provided the application is otherwise complete in all respect. Further, if the Units cannot be allotted in demat mode due to reason that KYC details including IPV is not updated with DP, the Units will be allotted in non-demat mode subject to compliance with necessary KYC provisions and the application is otherwise complete in all respect.

# Dividend Policy (IDCW)

Under the IDCW option, the Trustees will endeavor to declare the IDCW as per the specified frequencies / periodic intervals, subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI Regulations. The amounts can be distributed out of investors capital (Equalization Reserve), which is part of sale price that represents realized gains. The actual declaration of IDCW and frequency will, inter-alia, depend on availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations and the decisions of the Trustees shall be final in this regard. There is no assurance or guarantee to the Unit holders as to the rate of IDCW nor that the IDCW will be paid regularly.

The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to change the frequency of declaration of IDCW/record date and to provide for additional frequency of declaration of IDCW.

#### **IDCW** Distribution Procedure

In accordance with para 11.6 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, the procedure for IDCW distribution would be as under:

- 1. Quantum of IDCW and the record date will be fixed by the Trustee in their meeting. IDCW so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus.
- 2. Within one calendar day of decision by the Trustee, the AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision about the IDCW including the record date. The record date shall be 2 business days from issue of public notice in at least one English newspaper or in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the mutual fund is situated, whichever is issued earlier.
- 3. Record date shall be the date, which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose names appear on the register of Unit holders for receiving IDCW.
- 4. The notice will, in font size 10, bold, categorically state that pursuant to payment of IDCW, the NAV of the Scheme would fall to the extent of payout and statutory levy (if applicable).
- 5. The NAV will be adjusted to the extent of IDCW distribution and statutory levy, if any, at the close of business hours on record date.
- 6. Before the issue of such notice, no communication indicating the probable date of IDCW declaration in any manner whatsoever will be issued by Mutual Fund.

Who can invest	The following persons are eligible and may apply for subscription to the Units of the
This is an indicative	Scheme (subject to, wherever relevant, purchase of units of mutual funds being
list and investors	permitted under relevant statutory regulations and their respective constitutions):
shall consult their	
financial advisor to	1. Resident adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on
ascertain whether	an Anyone or Survivor basis;
the scheme is	2. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through Karta;
suitable to their risk	3. Minor through parent / legal guardian (minor will be first and sole holder);
profile.	4. Partnership Firms in the name of any one of the partner;
prome.	5. Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor;
	6. Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs.),
	Association of Persons (AOP) or Bodies of Individuals (BOI) and societies
	registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860;
	7. Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) and Financial
	Institutions;
	8. Schemes of other mutual funds registered with SEBI;
	9. Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts
	(subject to receipt of necessary approvals as required) and Private trusts
	authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds;
	10. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian origin (PIOs) residing abroad
	on repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis (NRIs or PIOs who are
	residents of United States of America and Canada cannot apply);
	11. Foreign Portfolio Investor registered with SEBI;
	12. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such
	institutions;
	13. Scientific and Industrial Research Organisations;
	14. Multilateral Funding Agencies / Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India
	with the permission of Government of India / Reserve Bank of India;
	15. Provident/ Pension/ Gratuity Fund to the extent they are permitted;
	16. Other schemes of Invesco Mutual Fund subject to the conditions and limits
	prescribed by SEBI Regulations;
	17. Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates and
	18. Such other individuals / institutions / body corporate etc. as may be decided by
	the Mutual Fund from time to time, so long as wherever applicable they are in
	conformity with SEBI Regulations.
	comornity with SEDI Regulations.
	Notes: Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not
	prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the
	Scheme and are authorized to purchase units of mutual funds as per their respective
	constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant
	statutory provisions.
	The Fund reserves the right to include new / existing categories of investors to invest
	in the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing
****	statutory regulations, if any.
Who cannot invest	1. Pursuant to RBI A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 14 dated September 16, 2003,
	Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) cannot invest in Mutual Funds.
	2. United States Person (U.S. Person), corporations and other entities organized
	under the applicable laws of the United States of America and Residents of
	Canada as defined under the applicable laws of Canada.
	3. Persons residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non-Compliant
	Countries and Territories (NCCTs).
	4. Such other persons as may be specified by AMC from time to time.
	The Fund receives the right to evalude existing actagories of investors to invest in
	The Fund reserves the right to exclude existing categories of investors to invest in
	the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing
Uovy to Amel 1	statutory regulations, if any.  Application form and Kay Information Mamorandum may be obtained from Official
How to Apply and	Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from Official
other details	Points of Acceptance (OPAs) / Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the AMC or RTA
	or Distributors or can be downloaded from our website

www.invescomutualfund.com. The list of the OPA / ISC are available on our website as well.

For details on updated list of Official Points of Acceptance investors are requested to call 1800 209 0007 (toll-free) or contact the AMC branches or log on to our website <a href="www.invescomutualfund.com">www.invescomutualfund.com</a>.

The AMC has the right to designate additional centre of Registrar as the Official Points of Acceptance during the Ongoing Offer Period and change such centres, as it deems fit.

Investors can also subscribe/ redeem the Units of the Scheme through MFSS and/ or NMF-II facility of NSE and BSE StAR MF of BSE and MF Utility facility during ongoing basis.

In addition to subscribing Units through submission of application in physical, investor / unit holder can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through our website <a href="https://mfs.kfintech.com/mfs/">www.invescomutualfund.com</a> as well as <a href="https://mfs.kfintech.com/mfs/">https://mfs.kfintech.com/mfs/</a>, an electronic platform provided by RTA. The facility to transact in the Scheme is also available through mobile application of RTA i.e. 'KFinKart'.

Please refer to the SAI and Application form for further details and the instructions.

#### **OPA link:**

https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Scheme

Collecting bankers: None

It is mandatory for investors to mention in their application /redemption request, their bank name and account number.

#### **Cash Investments**

Currently, the option to invest in the Scheme through payment mode as Cash is not available.

The Trustee to Invesco Mutual Fund reserves the right to change/modify above provisions at a later date.

The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.

Units once redeemed will be extinguished and will not be reissued.

Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered. There are no restrictions on transfer of Units of the Scheme whether held in Statement of Account (physical / non-demat) mode or dematerialised mode. Units held in dematerialized form can be transferred and transmitted in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time and units held in Statement of Account (physical / non-demat) mode can be transferred in accordance with the AMFI Best Practices Guidelines Circular No.116/2024-25 dated August 14, 2024. The facility for transfer of units held in physical / non-demat mode is available only through online mode via the transaction portals of KFin Technologies Ltd. ('KFin') and MF Central.

For further details, please refer SAI.

Pledge of Units

The Units under the Scheme may be offered as security by way of a pledge / charge in favour of scheduled banks, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies (NBFCs), or any other body. The AMC and / or the Registrar will note and record such Pledge of Units. The AMC shall mark a lien only upon receiving the duly completed form and documents as it may require. Disbursement of such loans will be at the entire discretion of the bank / financial institution / NBFC or any other body concerned and the Mutual Fund/AMC assumes no responsibility thereof.

The Pledgor will not be able to redeem Units that are pledged until the entity to which the Units are pledged provides written authorisation to the Mutual Fund that the pledge / lien charge may be removed. As long as Units are pledged, the Pledgee will have complete authority to redeem such Units.

#### Lien on Units

For NRIs, the AMC may mark a lien on units in case documents which need to be submitted are not given in addition to the application form and before the submission of the redemption request.

However, the AMC reserves the right to change operational guidelines for lien on units from time to time.

## Restriction on Redemption/ Switch-out of Units:

The Trustee may, in the general interest of the Unit holders of the Scheme and when considered appropriate to do so based on unforeseen circumstances / unusual market conditions, impose restriction on redemption of Units of the schemes (including plans/ options thereunder) of the Fund. The following requirements will be observed before imposing restriction on redemptions:

- 1. Restrictions may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts the market liquidity or the efficient functioning of the market such as:
  - i. **Liquidity Issues:** When markets at large become illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security.
  - ii. Market failures, exchange closure: When markets are affected by unexpected events which impact functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies.
  - iii. **Operational Issues**: When exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Such cases can only be considered if they are reasonably unpredictable and occur in spite of appropriate diligence of third parties, adequate and effective disaster recovery procedures and systems.
- 2. Restrictions on redemption may be imposed for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 Business Days in any period of 90 days.
- Any imposition of restriction on redemption will be with specific approval of Board of AMC and Trustees and the same will be informed to SEBI immediately.
- 4. When restrictions on redemption is imposed, the following procedure will be applied:
- i. Redemption requests upto Rs. 2 lakh will not be subject to such restriction. In case of redemption requests above Rs.2 lakh, the AMC shall redeem the first Rs. 2 lakh without such restrictions and remaining part over and above Rs.2 lakh will be subject to such restrictions.

## Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches This is the time before which your application

## For Subscription / purchase/ switch-ins:

 In respect of valid application received upto 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance and funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application / switch-in request are available for utilization by the respective Scheme(s) before the cut off time i.e. funds are credited to the bank (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.

- account of the respective Scheme(s) before the cut off time, the closing NAV of the same Business Day shall be applicable.
- 2. In respect of valid application received after 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance and funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application / switch-in request are available for utilization by the respective Scheme(s) after the cut off time on the same day i.e. the funds are credited to the bank account of the respective Scheme(s) after cut off time on the same day or before the cut-off time of next Business Day, the closing NAV of next Business Day shall be applicable.
- 3. Irrespective of the time of receipt of application at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance, where funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application / switch-in request are available for utilization before the cut off time of any subsequent Business Day i.e. funds are credited to the bank account of the respective Scheme(s) before the cut off time of any subsequent Business Day, the closing NAV of such subsequent Business Day shall be applicable.

For determining the applicable NAV for allotment of units in respect of purchase / switch-in to the Schemes, the following shall be ensured:

- Application / switch-in request is received before the applicable cut-off time.
- ii. Funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application / switch-in request are credited to the bank account of the respective Scheme(s) before the cut-off time.
- iii. The funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the respective Scheme(s).
- iv. In case of switch transactions from one scheme to another scheme, the allocation shall be in line with the redemption payout.

#### For redemption / repurchases / switch-outs:

- 1. In respect of valid application received at the Official Points of Acceptance upto 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day by the Fund, the closing NAV of the day on which application is received shall be applicable.
- 2. In respect of valid application received at the Official Points of Acceptance after 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day by the Fund, the closing NAV of the next Business day shall be applicable.

## **For Switches**

Valid application for 'switch-out' shall be treated as application for Redemption and provisions of the Cut-off Time and the Applicable NAV mentioned in the SID as applicable to Redemption shall be applied to the 'switch-out' applications. In case of 'switch' transactions from one scheme to another the allocation shall be in line with redemption payouts.

Minimum	amount		
for			
purchase/redemptio			
n/switches			

Minimum	Amount	(including	Rs.	1,000/-	and	in	multiples	of	R	e.1/-
Additional Ap		amount) for	there	eafter.						
subscription / purchase										
Minimum Ar	nount for	switch-ins	Rs.	1,000/-	and i	n n	nultiples o	of Re	.0	01/-
(including Addi	itional switch	h-ins)	there	eafter.						
Minimum Am	ount for re	edemption /	Rs.	1,000/- o	r 0.00	1 uı	nit or acco	unt ba	ala	nce,
repurchase / sw	itch-outs		whic	chever is	lower	·.				
			l							

Note - The provisions relating to Minimum Amount (including Additional Application Amount) for subscription / purchase will not be applicable for investments made in the name of Designated Employees of the AMC pursuant to para 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 on 'Alignment of interest of

	Designated Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes'.
Accounts	The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way
Statements	of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).
	A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month.
	Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable.
	For further details, refer SAI.
Dividend / IDCW	The Dividend / IDCW payments will be transferred to the Unit holders within 7 business days from the record date.
Redemption	Under normal circumstances, the AMC shall transfer redemption or repurchase proceeds to unitholders within 3 (three) business days from the date of redemption or repurchase.
	However, in case of exceptional circumstances prescribed by AMFI vide it's letter no. AMFI/ 35P/ MEM-COR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, in consultation with SEBI, redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be transferred / dispatched to Unitholders within the time frame prescribed for such exceptional circumstances.
Bank Mandate	In order to protect the interest of Unit holders from fraudulent encashment of cheques, the current SEBI (MF) Regulations, has made it mandatory for investors to mention in their application /redemption request, their bank name and account number.
	The normal processing time may not be applicable in situations where such details are not provided by Investors / Unit holders. The AMC will not be responsible for any loss arising out of fraudulent encashment of cheques and / or any delay / loss in transit.
	The AMC offers its investors a facility to register multiple bank accounts in a folio. Individuals and HUFs investors can register upto five bank accounts at the folio level and non-individual investors can register upto ten bank accounts at the folio level.
	Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds will be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor.
	Please refer to the SAI for more details.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	In case the redemption or repurchase proceeds are not transferred within 3 Business Days from the date of redemption under normal circumstances, the AMC shall pay interest @ 15% p.a. for the period of delay along with redemption or repurchase proceeds. However, in case of exceptional circumstances prescribed by AMFI vide it's letter no. AMFI/ 35P/ MEM-COR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, in consultation with SEBI, interest will be payable if the redemption or repurchase proceeds are not transferred within the applicable time frame prescribed for such exceptional circumstances.
	The IDCW payments will be transferred to the Unit holders within 7 business days from the record date. In case the AMC fails to transfer the IDCW within the above stipulated time it shall be liable to pay interest to the Unit holders at 15% p.a. or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Further, the AMC will not be liable to pay any interest or compensation or any amount otherwise, in case the AMC / Trustee is required to obtain from the investor / Unit holders verification of identity or such other details relating to subscription for units under any applicable law or as may be requested by a regulatory body or any government authority, which may result in delay in processing the application.

Unclaimed
Redemption and
Income Distribution
cum Capital
Withdrawal
Amount

The list of name(s) and addresses of investors of the Scheme in whose folios there would be unclaimed redemption/dividend amounts would be made available on our website (<a href="www.invescomutualfund.com">www.invescomutualfund.com</a>). An investor can obtain details after providing his proper credentials (like PAN, date of birth, etc.) along with other security controls put in place by the AMC. Further, the process for claiming unclaimed redemption and dividend amounts and necessary forms/documents required for the same is also made available on our website.

Further, pursuant to para 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024on treatment of unclaimed redemption and dividend amounts, redemption/dividend amounts remaining unclaimed based on expiry of payment instruments will be identified on a monthly basis and amounts of unclaimed redemption/dividend would be deployed in the respective Unclaimed Amount Plan(s) as follows:

- 1. Invesco India Liquid Fund Unclaimed Redemption Plan Below 3 Years
- 2. Invesco India Liquid Fund Unclaimed Dividend Plan Below 3 Years
- 3. Invesco India Liquid Fund Unclaimed Redemption Plan Above 3 Years
- 4. Invesco India Liquid Fund Unclaimed Dividend Plan Above 3 Years

Exit load will not be charged in the above-mentioned plans and TER (Total Expense Ratio) of above plans will be capped as per the TER of direct plan of Invesco India Liquid Fund or at 50 bps, whichever is lower.

Investors who claim the unclaimed amount during a period of three years from the due date will be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment. Investors who claim these amounts after 3 years, will be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment till the end of third year. After the third year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education.

For details of characteristics of above Unclaimed Amount Plan(s), investors are requested to refer the Statement of Additional Information available on our website www.invescomutualfund.com.

Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors

In case of investments by Minor, the minor shall be the sole holder in the account. There shall not be any joint holder with the minor, either as the first holder or as joint holder. The Guardian of the minor should be a natural guardian (i.e. father or mother) or a court appointed legal guardian. The Guardian shall submit the date of birth of the minor alongwith the supporting documents which are mandatory at the time of opening an account.

Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian in accordance with the requirements of Para 17.6.1.a of SEBI Circular dated June 27, 2024. In accordance with Para 17.6.1.aa. of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities. Standing instructions like SIP, SWP, STP, IDCW Transfer Plan, etc. in respect of a minor's folio shall be registered / executed only till prior to the date of the minor attaining majority, even if such standing instructions in the mandate form might be for a period beyond that date. Minor Unit holder on becoming major shall submit application form along with prescribed documents to AMC/Registrar to change the status from Minor to Major. On the day the minor attains the age of majority, the folio of minor shall be frozen

	for operation by the guardian and any transactions (financial/ non-financial including fresh Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP), Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) registration after the date of minor attaining majority) will not be permitted until the documents to change the status are received by the AMC/RTA. For list of documents and procedure for change in status from minor to major, please refer SAI or website of the Fund i.e. <a href="www.invescomutualfund.com">www.invescomutualfund.com</a> . The AMC/RTA will execute standing instructions like SIP, STP, SWP etc. in a folio of minor only upto the date of minor attaining majority though the instruction may be for the period beyond that date.
Any other	There is no minimum balance requirement.
disclosure in terms	
of Consolidated	
Checklist on	
Standard	
Observations	

## III. OTHER DETAILS

## A. Periodic Disclosures

Portfolio disclosures	The Mutual Fund / AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) of the Scheme on the website of Mutual Fund ( <a href="www.invescomutualfund.com">www.invescomutualfund.com</a> ) and on the website of AMFI ( <a href="www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a> ) in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format as per the timelines given below:		
	Particulars	Timeline	Link to access the portfolio
	Fortnightly Portfolio (as on 15 <sup>th</sup> & last day	Within 5 days of every fortnight	AMC: https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Fortnightly  AMFI: https://www.amfiindia.com/investor-
	of each month)		corner/online-center/portfoliodisclosure
	Half Yearly Portfolio (as on 31st March &	Within 10 days of each half year	AMC:  https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and- form?tab=HalfYearlyHoldings
	30 <sup>th</sup> September)		AMFI: https://www.amfiindia.com/investor-corner/online-center/portfoliodisclosure
Half yearly results	For further details, kindly refer SAI.  The soft copy of unaudited half yearly financial results of the Scheme as on I and September 30, each year, will be hosted on the website of the Mut (www.invescomutualfund.com) and on AMFI website (www.amfiindia.com one month from the close of each half year (i.e. on 31st March and on 30th September 1 The link to access unaudited half yearly scheme financials is as follows:		
	AMC Website  MFI Website  Mttps://www.invescomutualfund.com/about- us?tab=Financials  https://www.amfiindia.com/research-information/other-		
For further details, kindly refer SAI.			
Annual Report	The scheme wise annual report and / or abridged summary thereof shall be hosted on the website of the Mutual Fund ( <a href="www.invescomutualfund.com">www.invescomutualfund.com</a> ) and on AMFI website ( <a href="www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a> ) within four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e. 31st March each year).  The link to access Scheme Annual Report Is as follows:		

	T				
	AMC Website	https://www.invoscomoutrolfond.com/shout			
	ANIC WEDSILE	https://www.invescomutualfund.com/about- us?tab=Financials			
	AMFI Website	https://www.amfiindia.com/research-information/other-			
	THINIT I WEDSILE	data/accounts-data			
	For further details, kindly refer SAI.				
Disclosure of Risk- The Risk-o-meter shall have following six levels of risk:					
o-Meter	1. Low Risk				
	Low to Moderate Risk    Moderate Risk				
	4. Moderately High Risk				
	5. High Risk and				
	6. Very High Risk				
	Risk-o-meter disclosed in the product label of the Scheme is based on the portfolio as on September 30, 2024. The AMC will evaluate the Risk-o-Memorthly basis and shall disclose the same along with the portfolio disclosure days from the close of each month on our website <a href="www.invescomutualfum">www.invescomutualfum</a> on the website of AMFI ( <a href="www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a> ). Further on an annual basis, shall disclose the risk level of schemes along with number of times the risk changed over the year on our website <a href="www.invescomutualfund.com">www.invescomutualfund.com</a> and on to of AMFI ( <a href="www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a> ).				
Disclosure of	Any change in the risk-o-meter will be communicated by way of Notice-cum-Addendum uploaded on website of the Mutual Fund ( <a href="https://www.invescomutualfund.com">www.invescomutualfund.com</a> ) and by way of an email / SMS to the Unit holders of the Scheme.				
Potential Risk Class (PRC) Matrix	In accordance with Para 17.5.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, all debt schemes are required to be classified in terms of a Potential Risk Class matrix consisting of parameters based on maximum interest rate risk (measured by Macaulay Duration (MD) of the scheme) and maximum credit risk (measured by Credit Risk Value (CRV) of the scheme).				
	the maximum risk as is done by the Schem in a risk (in terms o risk specified for the	have the flexibility to take interest rate risk and credit risk below a stated in the PRC matrix. Subsequently, once a PRC cell selection ne, any change in the positioning of the Scheme into a cell resulting f credit risk or duration risk) which is higher than the maximum e chosen PRC cell, shall be considered as a fundamental attribute teme in terms of Regulation 18(15A) of SEBI (Mutual Fund)			
	The Mutual Funds shall be required to inform the unitholders about the PRC classification and subsequent changes, if any, through SMS and by providing a link on their website referring to the said change.				
	Reports and Abridge				
Scheme Summary Document (Point 69 of Policy Related emails issued by SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024)	details of all the Sc details, investment of document is uploade formats i.e. PDF, S XML).Scheme summ	ded on its website a scheme summary document which contains themes viz. Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, etc. Scheme summary ed on the websites of AMC, AMFI and stock exchanges in 3 data Spreadsheet and a machine readable format (either JSON or mary document shall be updated by the AMCs on a monthly basis by month or within 5 working days from the date of change or			
modification in the scheme information.					

## B. Transparency / NAV Disclosure

The Direct Plan under the Scheme will have a separate NAV.

The AMC will calculate the NAVs of the Scheme on daily basis. The AMC shall prominently disclose the NAVs of the Scheme under a separate heading on the website of the Fund (<a href="www.invescomutualfund.com">www.invescomutualfund.com</a>) and on the website of AMFI (<a href="www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a>) before 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day. If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAVs.

In case NAV of units of Corporate Debt Market Development Fund ('CDMDF') is not available by 9:30 p.m. of same Business Day, NAV declaration timing shall be 10 a.m. on next business day instead of 11 p.m. on same Business Day.

Further the Mutual Fund / AMC has extended facility of sending latest available NAVs of the Scheme to the Unit holders through SMS upon receiving a specific request in this regard. Also, information regarding NAVs can be obtained by the Unit holders / Investors by calling or visiting the nearest ISC.

## C. Transaction Charges and Stamp Duty

**Transaction Charges:** The AMC has discontinued the payment of transaction charges to distributors effective March 22, 2024. Accordingly, no transaction charges will be deducted from the subscription amount (lumpsum or Systematic Investment Plan) and the full amount of subscription (after deduction of statutory charges, if any) will be invested in the scheme.

**Stamp Duty:** A stamp duty @ 0.005% of the Transaction Value will be levied on applicable mutual fund transactions i.e. purchases (including switch-in, IDCW reinvestment etc.). The stamp duty will be arrived at using inclusive method of calculation. For applying stamp duty, Transaction Value will be calculated after deducting transaction charges and such other charges as may be applicable from time to time.

Please refer SAI for further details.

#### **D.** Associate Transactions

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

#### E. Taxation

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

#### A. For units acquired prior to April 01, 2023

Taxability in the hands of				
	1. Resident Investor	Mutual Fund		
Dividend*				
Tax on Dividend	As per respective slab rate or corporate tax rate applicable to the investor	Nil		
Capital Gains*				
Long Term	• For redemption before 23 July 2024 and holding units for more than 36 months – 20% (with indexation)	Nil		
	• For redemption on or after 23 July 2024 and holding units for more than 24 months – 12.5% (without indexation)			
Short Term	As per respective slab rate or corporate tax rate applicable to the investor	Nil		
	2. Non- resident Investors [other than Foreign Portfolio Investors ('FPIs')]	Mutual Fund		
Dividend*				
Tax on Dividend	As per respective slab rate or corporate tax rate applicable to the investor	Nil		
Capital Gains*				
Long Term	• For redemption before 23 July and holding units for more than 36 months – 10% (without indexation)	Nil		

	• For redemption on or after 23 July 2024 and holding units for more than 24 months – 12.5% (without indexation)	
Short Term	As per respective slab rate or corporate tax rate applicable to the investor	Nil
	3. FPIs	Mutual Fund
Dividend*		
Tax on Dividend	20%	Nil
Capital Gains*		
Long Term	<ul> <li>For redemption before 23 July 2024 and holding units for more than 36 months – 10% (without indexation)</li> <li>For redemption on or after 23 July 2024 and holding units for more than 24 months – 10% (without indexation)</li> </ul>	Nil
Short Term	30%	Nil

## B. For units acquired on or after 1 April 2023 - Specified Mutual Fund

Taxability in the hands of				
	1. Resident Investor	Mutual Fund		
Dividend*				
Tax on Dividend	As per respective slab rate or corporate tax rate applicable to the investor	Nil		
Capital Gains*				
Long Term	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
Short Term	As per respective slab rate or corporate tax rate applicable to the investor	Nil		
	2. Non- resident Investors [other than Foreign Portfolio Investors ('FPIs')]	Mutual Fund		
Dividend*				
Tax on Dividend	As per respective slab rate or corporate tax rate applicable to the investor	Nil		
Capital Gains*				
Long Term	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
Short Term	As per respective slab rate or corporate tax rate applicable to the investor	Nil		
	3. FPIs	Mutual Fund		
Dividend*				
Tax on Dividend	20%	Nil		
Capital Gains*				
Long Term	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
Short Term	30%	Nil		

<sup>\*</sup> plus applicable surcharge and Health & Education cess.

## F. Rights of Unitholders

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

## G. List of official points of acceptance

Please click on the link below for List of Official Points of acceptance / investor service centres <a href="https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Scheme">https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Scheme</a>

# H. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations For Which Action May Have Been Taken Or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority.

This section shall contain the details of penalties, pending litigation, etc. for the last 5 financial years and where the penalty was more than 5 lakhs by any regulatory authority is as follows:

1. All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last three years shall be disclosed.

2. In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to share holders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be disclosed.

Nil

- 3. Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed. A show cause notice was issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) on August 9, 2023 and was duly responded on October 25, 2023. The Noticees preferred settlement of the matter under SEBI (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018, without admitting or denying the findings of facts and conclusions of law. The said matter was resolved and disposed of vide a settlement order dated April 24, 2024, bearing reference number 'SO/AA/MS/2024-25/7496', in accordance with the provisions of the SEBI (Settlement
- 4. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately. A civil suit has been filed by an ex-employee of Invesco Asset Management (India) Limited ("AMC") before the High Court of Judicature of Bombay ("Suit"), contesting the termination of his employment by the AMC. The Suit is in the nature of employment litigation and will be defended by the AMC in the regular course.
- 5. Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed. Nil

Please click on the link below to access the real time data on Penalties, Pending Litigations or proceeding etc.: https://www.invescomutualfund.com/literature-and-form?tab=Scheme

#### **Notes:**

- Any amendments / replacement / re-enactment of SEBI (MF) Regulations subsequent to the date of the Scheme Information Document shall prevail over those specified in this Scheme Information Document.
- The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Trustee at their Board Meeting held on February 10, 2021.
- This Scheme Information Document is an updated version of the same in line with the current laws / regulations and other developments.
- Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Invesco Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Investment Manager for Invesco Mutual Fund)

Saurabh Nanavati

Place: Mumbai Dated: November 29, 2024

Proceedings) Regulations, 2018.

**Chief Executive Officer** 



#### A. OFFICIAL POINTS OF ACCEPTANCE OF TRANSACTION

#### INVESCO ASSET MANAGEMENT (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED - Ongoing basis

- Ahmedabad: 303/A, Raindroop Building, C. G. Road, Ahmedabad 380 006. Tel. No.: 079 –66521550.

   Bengaluru: S-317, 319 & 321, 3rd Floor, South Block, Manipal Centre, 47, Dickenson Road, Bangalore 560042. Tel No.: 080 42941000. Chandhigarh: Idea Co-working Business Center, Cabin No.C-2, 2nd Floor, S.C.O.32, 33, 34, Sector-17-C, Chandigarh 160 017. Tel. No.: 9988812807 Chennai: Door#2, 2nd Floor, Sun Plaza, #39 G.N.Chetty Road, Near Kamarajar Arangam, Chennai 600006. Tel. No. 9043000628. Delhi: 710, 711 & 712 Prakashdeep Building, 7th Floor, Tolstoy Marg, NewDelhi 110001. Tel. No.: 011 43789000. Hyderabad: 2nd Floor, S.B. Towers, H.No.6-3-354, Road No.1, Banjara Hills, Landmark: Punjagutta X Road, Beside Himalaya Book Store, Hyderabad-500034. Tel. No.: 9030015457. Indore: Room No. 216, 2nd Floor, Starlit Tower, Y. N. Road, Indore 452 001. Tel. No.: 7415000281. Jaipur: 204, 2nd Floor, Brij Anukampa' Ashok Marg, C-Scheme, Jaipur 302 001. Tel. No.: 07737000761.
- Kanpur: 1st Floor, KAN Chambers, 14/113 Civil Lines, Kanpur 208 001. Tel. No.: 9044051658.
   Kolkata: Room No. TE, 235/2A, 7th Floor, Millennium Building, Acharya Jagdish Chandra Bose Road, Kolkata 700 020. Tel: 033-40639115.
   Lucknow: 304, 3rd Floor, SKY HI Chamber, Park Road, Hazratganj, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh. Lucknow 226 001. Tel No.: 0522-4000841/4000149
   Mumbai ( H.O.): 2101-A, A Wing, 21st Floor, Marathon Futurex, N.M. Joshi Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013. Tel. No. 022 67310000 · Nashik: Office No. S-12, 2nd Floor, Suyojit Sankul, Near Rajiv Gandhi Bhavan, Sharanpur Road, Nashik, Maharashtra, Nashik 422 002. Tel No: +91 253 3557192 · Panaji: OfficeNo.9, 2nd Floor, Navelkar Trade Center, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Panjim, Goa 403 001. Tel No:0832-6650402. · Patna: No. 304, Ashiyana Hariniwas Complex, Dak Banglow Road, Patna 800001. Tel. No.: 09264457840. Pune: Office No. 2, 1st Floor, Aditya Centeegra, CTS No. 930, Plot No. 314, FC Road, Pune 411 005, Maharashtra. Tel No.: 020-29953715 · Vadodara: Upper Ground Floor No -06, Concord Complex, Above Deepak Garments, Near Kabir Kitchen Restaurant, Alkapuri Vadodara 390007. Tel. No.: 0265 2338446.

## B. LIST OF INVESTOR SERVICE CENTRES OF KFIN TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED, REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENTS OF INVESCO MUTUAL FUND (ONGOING BASIS) THESE WILL BE IN ADDITION TO THE EXISTING OFFICIAL POINTS OF ACCEPTANCE OF INVESCO ASSET MANAGEMENT (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED

#### Registrar & Transfer Agent : Kfin Technologies Limited

Contact Details: Unit - Invesco Mutual Fund, Selenium Building, Tower – B, Plot No 31 & 32, Financial District Nanakramguda, Serilingampalle (M), Hyderabad, Telangana 500032. Tel No.: 1800 309 4034 • Email: investorsupport.mfs@kfintech.com • Website: www.kfintech.com

• Agartala: OLS, RMS Chowmuhani, Mantri Bari Road, 1st Floor Near, Traffic Point, Tripura West, Agartala - 799 001. Tel. No.: 0381-2388519 • Agra House No. 17/2/4, 2nd Floor, Deepak Wasan Plaza, Behind Hotel Holiday INN, Sanjay Place, Agra, Uttar Pradesh - 282 002. Tel No.: 7518801801 • Ahmedabad Office No. 401, 4th Floor, ABC-I, Off. C.G. Road, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380006. Tel. No.: 9081903021 • Ajmer 302, 3rd Floor, Ajmer Auto Building, Opposite City Power House, Jaipur Road, Ajmer - 305001. Tel. No.: 0145 5120725 • Akola Shop No 25, Ground Floor, Yamuna Tarang complex, Murtizapur Road, N.H. No- 6, Opp. Radhakrishna Talkies, Akola, Maharashtra, Akola - 444 001 Tel. No.: 0724 2451874 • Aligarh 1st Floor, Sevti Complex, Near Jain Temple, Samad Road, Aligarh-202001. Tel No.:7518801802 · Allahabad Shop No. TF-9, 3rd Floor Vinayak Vrindavan Tower, Built Over H.NO.34/26, Tashkent Marg, Civil Station, Prayagraj, Uttar Pradesh, Prayagraj - 211 001. Tel No.:- 7518801803 • Alwar Office Number 137, First Floor, Jai Complex Road No - 2, Alwar, Rajasthan - 301001. Tel. No.: 0144-4901131 · Ambala 6349, 2nd Floor, Nicholson Road, Adjacent Kos Hospital Ambala Cant. Ambala, Haryana, Ambala -133 001. Tel No.:7518801804 • Amravati Shop No. 21, 2nd Floor, Gulshan Tower, Near Panchsheel Talkies, Jaistambh Square, Amravati - 444601. Tel. No.: 0721 2569198 • Amritsar SCO 5, 2nd Floor, District Shopping Complex, Ranjit Avenue, Amritsar - 143 001. Tel No.: 0183-5053802 • Anand B-42 Vaibhav Commercial Center, Nr Tvs Down Town Shrow Room, Grid Char Rasta, Anand - 380001. Tel. No.: 9081903038 • Ananthapur #13/4, Vishnupriya Complex, Beside SBI Bank, Near Tower Clock, Ananthapur-515001. Tel No.: 9515144445 • Asansol 112/N, G. T. Road, Bhanga Pachil, G.T. Road, Paschim Bardhaman, West Bengal - Asansol - 713303. Tel. No.: 0341-2220077 • Aurangabad Shop no B 38, Motiwala Trade Center, Nirala Bazar, Aurangabad 431001. Tel. No.: 0240 2343414 • Azamgarh Shop no. 18 Gr. Floor, Nagarpalika, Infront of Treasury office, Azamgarh, Uttar Pradesh, Azamgarh - 276 001. Tel. No.: 7518801805 • Balasore 1-B. 1st Floor, Kalinga Hotel Lane, Baleshwar, Baleshwar Sadar, Orissa, Balasore - 756 001. Tel No.:06782-260503 • Bangalore No 35, Puttanna Road, Basavanagudi, Bangalore - 560 004. Tel No.: 080-26602852 • Bankura Plot nos. 80/1/A, Natunchati Mahalla, 3rd floor, Ward no-24, Opposite P.C Chandra, Bankura Town, Bankura - 722101. Tel. No.: 9434480586 • Bareilly 1st Floor Rear Side, A - Square Building, 54-Civil Lines, Ayub Khan Chauraha, Bareilly · 243001 Tel. No.: 7518801806 • Baroda 1st Floor, 125 Kanha Capital, Opp. Express Hotel, RC Dutt Road, Alkapuri, Baroda, Gujarat, Baroda -390 007. Tel No.:- 02652353506/07• Begusarai Sri Ram Market, Kali Asthan Chowk, Matihani Road, Begusarai, Bihar, Begusarai - 851101. Tel. No.: - 7518801807/9693344717 • Belgaum Premises No 101 CTS NO 1893, Shree Guru Darshani Tower, Anandwadi, Hindwadi, Belgaum -590 O11. Tel No.:- 0831 2402544 • Bellary Ground Floor, 3rd Office, Near Womens College Road, Beside Amruth Diagnostic Shanthi Archade, Bellary 583103. Tel. No.: 0839 - 2254750 • Berhampur (Or) Opp. Divya Nandan Kalyan Mandap, 3rd Lane Dharam Nagar, Near Lohiya Motor, Berhampur (Or), Orissa - 760001. Tel. No.: 0680-2228106 • Bhagalpur 2nd Floor, Chandralok Complex, Ghantaghar, Radha Rani Sinha Road, Bhagalpur - 812001. Tel. No.: 7518801808 • Bharuch 123 Nexus business Hub, Near Gangotri Hotel, B/s Rajeshwari Petroleum, Makampur Road, Bharuch - 392 001. Tel No.: 9081903042 • Bhatinda 2nd Floor,, MCB -Z-3-01043 Goniana Road Opposite Nippon India Mf, Gt Road, Near Hanuman Chowk, Bhatinda - 151 001. Tel No.:- 0164- 5006725 • **Bhavnagar** 303, Sterling Point, Waghawadi Road, Bhavnagar - 364001. Tel. No.: 02783 003149 • Bhilai Office No. 2, 1st Floor, Plot No. 9/6, Nehru Nagar [East], Bhilai, Chhattisgarh - 490 020. Tel. No.: 7884901014 • Bhilwara Office No. 14 B, Prem Bhawan, Pur Road, Gandhi Nagar, Near Canara Bank, Bhilwara - 311 001, Tel No.:-01482-246362 / 246364 • **Bhopal** SF-13 Gurukripa Plaza, Plot No. 48A, Opposite City Hospital, Zone-2, M P nagar, Bhopal 462011. Tel No.: 0755-4092712 • Bhubaneswar A/181, Back Side Of Shivam Honda Show Room, Saheed Nagar, Bhubaneswar - 751007. Tel. No.: 0674 2548981 • Bikaner H. No. 10, Himtasar House, Museum circle, Civil line, Bikaner, Rajasthan, Bikaner - 334 001. Tel. No.:- 0151-2943850 • Bilaspur Anandam Plaza; Shop No.306, 3rd Floor, Vyapar Vihar Main Road, Bilaspur, Chhatisgarh, Bilaspur - 495 001. Tel No.: 07752-443680 • Bokaro City Centre, Plot No. HE-07, Sector-IV, Bokaro Steel City, Bokaro - 827004. Tel. No.: 7542979444 • Burdwan Saluja Complex 846, Laxmipur, G T Road, Burdwan; PS: Burdwan & Dist: Burdwan-East, Burdwan, West Bengal, Burdwan-713 101. Tel No.:- 0342 2665140 • Calicut 2nd Floor, Manimuriyil Centre, Bank Road, Kasaba Village, Calicut, State: Kerala, Calicut - 673 001. Tel No.: 4954022480 • Chandigarh 1st Floor, SCO 2469-70, Sec. 22-C, Chandigarh, Chandigarh - 160 022. Tel No.: 0172-5101342 • Chennai 9th Floor, Capital Towers, 180, Kodambakkam High Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai - 600 034. Tel. No.: 044 42028512 • Chinsurah 96, PO: Chinsurah, Doctors lane, Chinsurah, West Bengal, Chinsurah -712 101. Tel No.: 033-26810164 • Cochin Door No.:61/2784 Second floor, Sreelakshmi Tower, Chittoor Road, Ravipuram Ernakualm, Kerala. Ernakulam - 682 015. Tel. No.: 0484-4025059 • Coimbatore 3rd Floor, Jaya Enclave, 1057 Avinashi Road, Coimbatore - 641018, Tel. No.: 0422 4388011 • Cuttack Shop No-45, 2nd Floor, Netaii Subas Bose Arcade, (Big Bazar Building) Adjacent to, Reliance Trends, Dargha Bazar, Cuttack - 753 001. Tel No.: 0671-2956816 • Darbhanga H No-185, Ward No-13, National Statistical office Campus, Kathalbari, Bhandar Chowk, Darbhanga, Bihar, Darbhanga - 846 004. Tel. No.: - 7739299967 • Davangere D. No 162/6, 1st Floor, 3rd Main, P J Extension, Davangere taluk, Davangere Mandal, Karnataka, Davangere - 577 002. Tel No.: 0819-2258714 • Dehradun Shop No-809/799 , Street No-2 A, Rajendra Nagar, Near Sheesha Lounge, Kaulagarh Road, Dehradun - 248 001. Tel. No.:- 7518801810 • Deoria K. K. Plaza, Above Apurwa Sweets, Civil Lines Road, in the city of Deoria, Uttar Pradesh, Deoria - 274 001. Tel No.:7518801811 · Dhanbad 208 New Market, 2nd Floor, Bank More, Dhanbad - 826001. Tel. No.: 9264445981 • Dhule Ground Floor, Ideal Laundry, Lane No 4, Khol Galli, Near Muthoot Finance, Opp. Bhavasar General Store, Dhule - 424001. Tel. No.: 02562 282823 • Durgapur MWAV-16, Bengal Ambuja, 2nd Floor, City Centre, Distt. Burdwan, Durgapur-16, Durgapur - 713216. Tel. No.: 0343 6512111 • Eluru D.No. 23A-7-72/73,

K K S Plaza, Munukutla Vari Street, Opp. Andhra Hospitals, R R Peta, West Godavari Dist., Eluru - 534 002. Tel. No.: 08812 227851 • Erode Address No 38/1, Sathy Road, (VCTV Main Road), Sorna Krishna Complex, Ground Floor, Erode, Tamil Nadu, Erode - 638 003. Tel No.:0424-4021212 • Faridabad A-2B 2nd Floor, Neelam Bata Road, Peer ki Mazar, Nehru Groundnit, Faridabad 121001. Tel. No.: 7518801812 • Ferozpur The Mall Road, Chawla Bulding, 1st Floor, Opp. Centrail Jail, Near Hanuman Mandir, Ferozepur - 152002. Tel. No.: 01632 241814 • Gandhidham Shop # 12, Shree Ambica Arcade, Plot # 300, Ward 12, Opp. CG High School, Near HDFC Bank, Gandhidham - 370201. Tel. No.: 9081903027 • Gandhinagar 138 Suyesh solitaire, Nr. Podar International School, Kudasan, Gujarat, Gandhinagar – 382 421. Tel. No.: 079 23244955 • Gaya Property No. 711045129, Ground Floor Hotel Skylark, Swaraipuri Road, Gaya - 823 001. Tel No.: 0631-2220065 • Ghaziabad FF - 31, Konark Building, Rajnagar, Ghaziabad, Uttar Pradesh, Ghaziabad - 201001. Tel No.: 7518801813 • Ghazipur House No. 148/19, Mahua Bagh, in the city of Ghazipur, Uttar Pradesh, Ghazipur - 233 001. Tel No.:7518801814 • Gonda House No. 782, Shiv Sadan, ITl Road, Near Raghukul Vidya Peeth, Civil Lines, Gonda, Uttar Pradesh - 271001 Tel No.: 7518801815 • Gorakhpur Shop No 8 & 9, 4th Floor, Cross Road The Mall, Bank Road, Gorakhpur - 273 001. Tel No.:-7518801816 • Guntur 2nd Shatter, 1st Floor. House no. 6-14-48, 14/2 Lane, Arundal Pet, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh, Guntur - 522 002. Tel No.: (0863) 2339094 • Gurgaon No: 212A, 2nd Floor, Vipul Agora, M. G. Road, Gurgaon 122001. Tel. No.: 7518801817 • Guwahati Ganapati Enclave, 4th Floor, Opposite Bora service, Ullubari, Guwahati, Assam 781007. Tel. No.: 0361-3501536/37 • Gwalior City Centre, Near Axis Bank, Gwalior - 474 011. Tel No.: 7518801818 • Haldwani Shop No. 5, KMVN Shopping Complex, Haldwani, Uttarakhand, Uttaranchal - 263139. Tel. No.: 7518801819 • Haridwar Shop No. 17, 1st Floor, Bhatia Complex Near Jamuna Palace, Haridwar - 249 410. Tel No.: 7518801820 • Hassan SAS NO: 490, Hemadri Arcade, 2nd Main Road, Salgame Road, Near Brahmins Boys Hostel, Hassan 573201. Tel No.:- 08172 262065. · Hissar Shop No. 20, Ground Floor, R D City Centre, Railway Road, in the city of Hissar, Haryana, Hissar - 125 001. Tel No.:7518801821 • Hoshiarpur The Mall Complex Unit No. SF-6, 2nd Floor, Opp. Kapila Hospital, Sutheri Road, Hoshiarpur - 146 001. Tel No.: 01882-500143 • Hubli R R Mahalaxmi Mansion, Above Indusind Bank, 2nd Floor, Desai Cross, Pinto Road, Hubli - 580 029. Tel No.: 0836-2252444 · Hyderabad (Gachibowli) Selenium Plot No: 31 & 32, Tower B, Survey No.115/22 115/24 115/25, Financial District Gachibowli Nanakramguda, Serilimgampally Mandal, Hyderabad - 500032. Tel. No.: 040-79615122 • Hyderabad No:303, Vamsee Estates, Opp. Bigbazaar, Ameerpet - 500 016. Tel No.: 040-44857874 / 75 / 76 • Indore 101 Diamond Trade Center, Opp.- Swamy Vivekananda School, Above Khurana Bakery, Indore - 452 001. Tel. No.:- 0731 4218902 / 4266828. • Jabalpur 2nd Floor, 290/1 (615-New), Near Bhavartal Garden, Jabalpur Madhva Pradesh - 482 001, Tel. No.: 0761-4923301 • Jaipur Office Number 101, 1st Floor, Okay Plus Tower, Next to Kalyan Jewellers, Government Hostel Circle, Ajmer road, Jaipur, Rajasthan, Jaipur - 320 001. Tel No.:01414167715/17 · Jalandhar Office No 7, 3rd Floor, City Square building, EH197 Civil Lines, Jalandhar - 144 001. Tel No.: 0181-5094410 • Jalgaon 269, Jaee Vishwa, 3rd Floor, Baliram Peth, Above United Bank Of India, Near Kishor Agencies, Jalgaon - 425001. Tel. No.: 9421521406 · Jalpaiguri D B C Road, Opp. Nirala Hotel, Jalpaiguri, West Bengal. Jalpaiguri - 735 101. Tel No.: 03561-222136 · Jammu 1D/D Extension 2, Valmiki Chowk, Gandhi Nagar, Jammu, Jammu & Kashmir - 180004. Tel. No.: 0191-2470973 · Jamnagar 131 Madhav Plazza, Opp SBI Bank, Nr Lal Bunglow, Jamnagar - 361 008. Tel No.: 0288 3065810 • Jamshedpur Madhukunj, 3rd Floor, Q Road, Sakchi, Bistupur, East Singhbhum, Jharkhand, Jamshedpur - 831 001. Tel No.:6572912170 • Jhansi 1st Floor, Puja Tower, Near 48 Chambers, ELITE Crossing, in the city of Jhansi, Uttar Pradesh, Jhansi - 284 001. Tel No.:7518801823 · Jodhpur Shop No. 6, Ground Floor, Gang Tower, Opposite Arora Moter, Service Centre, Near Bombay Moter Circle, Jodhpur - 342 003. Tel No.: 7737014590 • Junagadh Shop No. 201, 2nd Floor, V-ARCADE Complex, Near Vanzari Chowk, M.G. Road, Junagadh - 362 001. Tel No.:- 0285-2652220 • Kalaburagi H No 2-231, Krishna Complex, 2nd floor, Opp. Muncipal Corporation Office, Jagat, Station Main Road, Kalaburagi, State - Karnataka, Kalaburagi - 585 105. Tel No.: 08472 252503 • Kalyani Ground Floor, H. 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