

US Market Recap

Equities continued their move up despite the continued hawkish messaging from Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) officials, higher than expected inflation and rising interest rates. Out of the eight full weeks of trading seen this year as of the end of February, six have been positive for both NDX and the S&P 500 Index. Moreover, both have not seen negative monthly performance since October 2023, four consecutive months. US small-cap equities also performed well during the month with the Russell 2000 up 5.65%.

With no FOMC meeting in February, investors turned their attention to economic readings that may impact future monetary policy decisions, movement in interest rates and earnings announcements. January's year-over-year and month-over-month US Consumer Price Index (CPI) readings were announced on the 13th February, and both came in higher than expected. The year-over-year reading was 3.1%, higher than the expected 2.9% but lower than the previous reading of 3.4%. The new reading saw the biggest contribution from a rise in the cost of Core Services, which was larger than the previous reading, and the cost of Food. Increases in the costs of Core Services and Food contributed to the rise while the cost of Energy and Core Goods fell. The latest CPI reading for February was released on March 12, came in at 3.2% and core inflation was at 3.8%.

Investors saw a rise in interest rates during February as investors adjust to the idea of rate cuts arriving later than initially expected. After testing the recent lows, the 10yr Treasury's yield rose from 3.88% to close the month at 4.25%. 2023 brought a year of falling interest rates as equities rose, a relationship that has traditionally been opposite. February potentially signaled a shift back to the historical norm of positive correlation between yields and equity returns.

Coinciding with the CPI release on the 13th, volatility spiked to levels last seen in November. The VIX Index, a commonly used gauge of equity volatility, rose as high as 18.00 before closing the day at 15.85. The move higher ultimately proved to be short lived as equities rose towards the end of the month, fueled positive earnings announcements. The VIX finished February at 13.40, lower than where it closed in January at 14.35, the prior month's reading of 3.1%. The increase in the cost of Services continued to be the primary component of year-over-year inflation while the cost of Energy continued its decline. Month-over-month CPI was 0.3% in February, higher than the prior reading of 0.1% and the analysts' estimate of 0.2%. The reading showed a decrease in the cost of Energy but was offset by rising costs in Services, Core Goods and Food. On a monthly basis, the latest CPI for February rose 0.4%

Index performance

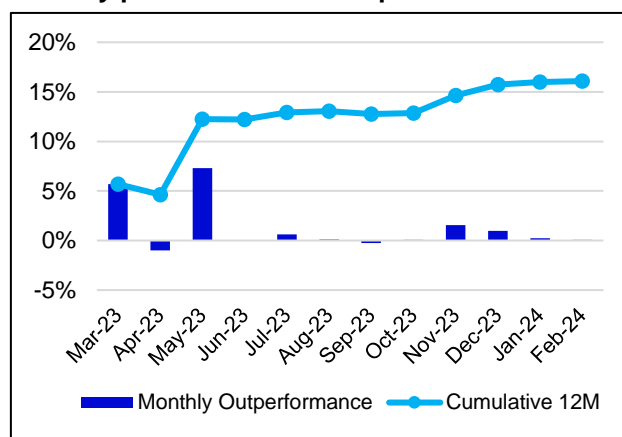
	1 Month	YTD	1 Year	10 Years (CAGR)
NASDAQ-100	5.4%	7.4%	50.7%	18.0%
S&P 500	5.3%	7.0%	29.8%	12.1%
Relative	0.1%	0.3%	16.1%	5.3%

Source: Bloomberg as of 29 February 2024. An investment cannot be made directly into an index.

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future.

Disclaimer: Returns less than 1 year are absolute returns and more than 1 year are Compounded Annualized Growth rate (CAGR) for Benchmark Indices. The same are for the illustration purpose only and should not be construed as investment advice. It does not in any manner imply or suggest the performance of any schemes of Invesco Mutual Fund.

Monthly performance Nasdaq-100 vs. S&P 500

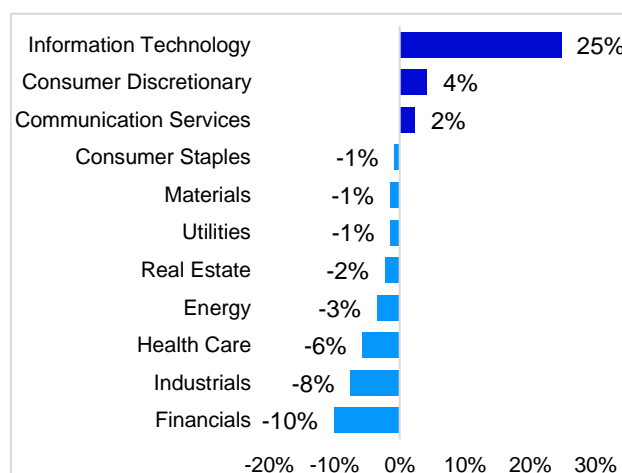


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Sector weightings Nasdaq-100 vs. S&P 500



Source: Invesco, FactSet, as of 29 February 2024. Data in USD

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Nasdaq 100 Performance Drivers

February's performance attribution of the Nasdaq 100 vs. the S&P 500 Index

From a sector perspective, Energy, Utilities and Consumer Discretionary were the best performing sectors in NDX and returned 11.51%, 10.91% and 7.38%, respectively. During the month, these three sectors had average weights of 0.45%, 1.15% and 18.54%, respectively. The bottom performing sectors in NDX were Telecommunications, Health Care and Consumer Staples with average weights of 4.57%, 6.48% and 4.00%, respectively. Telecommunications returned -4.81%, Health Care returned -2.83% while Consumer Staples returned -1.29%.

NDX's outperformance vs. the S&P 500 was driven by its overweight exposure and differentiated holdings in the Technology sector. The index's underweight exposure and differentiated holdings in the Utilities sector also contributed to relative performance. Lack of exposure to the Financials sector was the third contributor to relative performance vs. the S&P 500. The Health Care sector detracted the most from relative performance and was driven by its differentiated holdings. Overweight exposure and differentiated holdings in the Telecommunications sector, along with its underweight exposure and differentiated holdings in the Industrials sector also detracted from relative performance to the S&P 500.

NDX Contributor/Detractor Spotlight: Meta Platforms announced earnings and surprised to the upside on both revenue and earnings. Adjusted earnings-per share were announced at \$5.33 vs. the estimate of \$4.91 while revenue came in at \$40.1 billion vs. the estimate of \$39.0 billion. Advertisement revenue accounted for over \$38 billion of all revenue recognized by the social media company. Higher-than-expected daily and monthly active users was also viewed positively by investors, as these metrics showed over two billion daily and over three billion monthly users. A \$50 billion addition to share buybacks also contributed to strong performance of the company's stock. What came as the biggest surprise to investors was the announcement of the first ever dividend to be paid in March. A dividend of \$0.50 per share may point to the continued maturation of the company. Meta's stock rose over 20% the following trading session.

February Attribution: Nasdaq 100 vs. S&P 500

(%)	Nasdaq 100				Nasdaq 100 vs S&P 500 Attribution		
	Average Weight	Avg Wt Difference vs S&P 500	Sector Return	Sector Contribution	Allocation Effect	Selection Effect	Total Effect
Health Care	6.48	-5.67	-2.83	-0.18	0.11	-0.42	-0.30
Telecommunications	4.57	2.40	-4.81	-0.24	-0.24	-0.05	-0.29
Industrials	4.66	-7.43	3.08	0.15	-0.05	-0.14	-0.19
Consumer Discretionary	18.54	4.26	7.38	1.36	0.14	-0.24	-0.10
Consumer Staples	4.00	-0.88	-1.29	-0.05	0.04	-0.08	-0.04
Basic Materials	0.30	-1.34	7.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02
Real Estate	0.26	-2.06	4.25	0.01	0.06	0.00	0.06
Energy	0.45	-3.36	11.51	0.05	0.07	0.04	0.10
Financials	--	-9.95	--	--	0.13	--	0.13
Utilities	1.15	-1.26	10.91	0.12	0.04	0.10	0.15
Technology	59.61	25.29	7.10	4.17	0.38	0.15	0.53
Total	100.00	--	5.41	5.41	0.70	-0.63	0.07

Source: Invesco as of 29 February 2024. Data in USD. Sectors: ICB Classification. All figures in percentage terms. Market allocation effect shows the excess contribution due to sector/market allocation. A positive allocation effect implies that the choice of sector weights in the portfolio added value to the portfolio contribution with respect to the benchmark and vice versa. Selection effect shows the excess contribution due to security selection. A positive selection effect implies that the choice of stocks in the portfolio added value to the portfolio contribution with respect to the benchmark and vice versa. Total effect is the difference in contribution between the benchmark and portfolio.

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future.

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February's Top Contributors/Detractors relative to the S&P 500

Top Contributors (% of total net assets)			Top Detractors (% of total net assets)		
Company	Weight	1-month Return	Company	Weight	1-month Return
Meta Platforms	4.81%	25.76%	Adobe Inc.	2.02%	-9.31%
Nvidia Corp.	5.18%	28.58%	Amgen Inc.	1.19%	-12.19%
Broadcom Inc.	4.43%	10.21%	Apple Inc.	8.41%	-1.85%

Source: Bloomberg, as of 29 February 2024. Top and bottom performers for the month by relative performance. Holdings are subject to change and are not buy/sell recommendations.

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Historical Performance

	Feb-14 to Feb-15	Feb-15 to Feb-16	Feb-16 to Feb-17	Feb-17 to Feb-18	Feb-18 to Feb-19	Feb-19 to Feb-20	Feb-20 to Feb-21	Feb-21 to Feb-22	Feb-22 to Feb-23	Feb-23 to Feb-24	2022 to 2023	2021 to 2023
NASDAQ-100												
Net Total	21.1%	-4.6%	28.0%	29.6%	4.3%	20.1%	53.4%	10.8%	-14.9%	50.7%	54.7%	9.9%
Return Index												
S&P 500 Net												
Total Return	14.8%	-6.8%	24.2%	16.4%	4.1%	7.6%	30.6%	15.9%	-8.2%	29.8%	25.7%	9.5%
Index												

Source: Invesco, Bloomberg, as of 29 February 2024. Data in USD. For 2022 to 2023, performance shown is from 01 January 2022 to 31 December 2023 and for 2021 to 2023, compounded annual growth rate (CAGR) performance shown is from 01 January 2021 to 31 December 2023. An investment cannot be made into an index.

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Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.